AC1-0413 INVC 9/2/0/

Managing water as a scarce resource in Selangor Darul Ehsan

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Submitted to the Faculty of Business and Accountancy, University of Malaya, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Degree of Master of Business Administration

	Dimikrofiskan pada	
January 1999	No. Mikrofis	
Perpustakaan Universiti Malaya A510143589	HAMSIAH BT. (UPR PERPU UNIT PUNIT PUNIT PUNIT PUNITER	ADHAMAD ZAHARI EPROGRAFI STAKAAN UTAMA RSITI MALAYA

16.01.02.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The preparation and completion of this thesis has been a very challenging and mind opening one. It has helped me to understand the scarcity of water and realised its importance.

However, this thesis would not have been completed without the exceptional guidance of Prof. Dr. G. Sivalingam. I would like to thank him for many of the fruitful discussions and suggestions that lead to many improvements of this thesis. His invaluable comments and explanations are very much appreciated.

The data used in this project were collected from the following government agencies, whose co-operation, advice and assistance are gratefully acknowledged:

Jabatan Bekalan Air Selangor, Jabatan Kerja Raya (Cawangan Bekalan Air), Kuala Lumpur, and Malaysia Water Association.

I also wish to express my appreciation to Encik Mohd. Tajul Urus bin Hj. Tajuddin, Penolong Pengarah of JKR (KL), for his generosity in providing me with the data and information both published and unpublished. Grateful appreciation is also due to Puan Maria of JKR (KL) for her ever willingness to part her knowledge to me and extending those wonderfully supporting documents. I am indebted to Harvard Business School Alumni Club of Malaysia for offering the scholarship to help me through this course.

No one makes the journey alone. I am truly grateful for having a supportive family especially to my parents, sisters and brother, and my daughters, Callie Poh Shwen Shuen and Cheryl Poh Shwen Shi, for their warm laughter, hugs and love that helped me greatly in toiling through the days. I especially wish to recognise and thank my husband, Poh Seng Hiap for his continuous support, encouragement and love. He has also showed the unfailing confidence in me without which my determination to finish would certainly have flagged long ago.

All the MBA course mates deserve a special thanks for all the supports and

assistance rendered throughout the course.

Special thanks too to all the lecturers (Prof Dr. G.Sivalingam, Prof. Dr. Sieh Mei Ling, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Dunston Ayadurai, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Md. Nor bin Othman, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Nazari bin Ismail, Assoc. Prof. Tan Lee Peng, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Lang Chin Ying, Assoc. Prof. Mohd. Radzuan, Dr. Ainin bt. Sulaiman, Dr. M. Fazilah bte. Abdul Samad, Mrs. Angeline Tay, Mr Cyril Hilaris Ponnu and Encik Ramli bin Bahroom) who have taught me throughout the course for giving generously of their time and intellect.

The computer laboratory assistants and office clerks of the Business and Accountancy Faculty were immensely helpful as were the librarians in the main library. I would like to express my sincere thanks and gratitude to them.

I would also like to thank the great Lord Buddha for showing me the way to happiness and peace.

Since the shortcomings that remain are the product of my own stubbornness, they must be my own responsibility.

Lau Seck Yan February 1999

ABSTRACT

Water is an essential component of overall development and the central of our nerves. Nevertheless, the rapid pace of industrialisation and urbanisation has brought about with it inconsiderable stress on the water resources. Selangor Darul Ehsan is left with only a major water catchment area. Therefore, it is obvious that without fundamental new approaches, the water crisis that was experienced in 1998 will turn into an unmanageable crisis. In this line the purpose of this research is to attempt to systematically describe possible causes of the water crisis and to look into the sustainability towards potable water supply concentrating only on domestic and industrial users.

Water needs to be valued and considered as scarce so that it would not be wasted. The introduction of charges has the aim of creating economic incentives for more rational use and for further water management development and to create fund for improved water management.

The common practise of building dams to overcome the problem of water storage is oblivious to the broader consequences of the accelerating pressures they would bring on the water resources. The public should be aware of the problem and the social and economic aspects of the issues. Only then can they become aware of the potential of disaster for inaction.

Finally, the research hopes to provide evidence for the need to pursue investigations on the problems surrounding water resources and to make ground rules that make it possible to conserve, protect and use the water resource in a sustainable manner.

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- Bulk Supply Rate The rate in cubic metres and the price at which the Selangor Government purchases the water from private operator, derived from a formula specified in privatisation contract.
- Mld Million litres per day
- Sg. Sungai (River).