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EFFECTS OF OWNERSHIP AND CONTROL: NEWS REPORTING OF THE CHINESE DAILIES DURING THE 1995 GENERAL ELECTIONS

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ABSTRACT

This study sets out to examine the effects of ownership and control on the news reporting of Chinese dailies in Peninsula Malaysia. A case study based on the 1995 General Elections was carried out in the form of news treatment analysis to measure these effects.

The history of Chinese dailies showed that the owners had followed closely the political movement in China and later in Malaya. In the 1990s, owners of the contemporary Chinese dailies no longer participate actively in local politics. On the contrary, they are capitalists who are profit-oriented and have manifested political power to support their effort of capital accumulation.

Today, the intention to own a newspaper may have changed, but Chinese dailies remain as a convenient tool to serve the political, economic or private interests of their owners. On the other hand, journalists and editors who are aware of their owners' interests constantly struggle for autonomy in the newsroom to provide a more balanced news reporting to the readers.

Within the broader context of Malaysian politics, the local dailies have been controlled by the state and the private sector via press laws, ownership and self-regulation. Despite private ownership of the Chinese dailies, the dailies had supported the *Barisan Nasional* coalition in the 1995 General Elections. This further supports the argument that owners

had shown their political affiliations towards the ruling coalition via Chinese dailies to serve their economic interest in other businesses.

ABSTRAK

Kajian ini bertujuan untuk menyelidiki kesan-kesan pemilikan dan pelbagai kawalan terhadap pelaporan berita akhbar harian Bahasa Cina di Semenanjung Malaysia. Satu kajian kes dalam bentuk analisa berita berdasarkan Pilihanraya Umum 1995 dijalankan untuk mengukur kesankesan tersebut.

Sejarah awal akhbar Bahasa Cina menunjukkan bahawa pemilikpemilik akhbar telah mengikuti perkembangan gerakan politik di Negara China dan kemudiannya di Semenanjung Tanah Melayu. Bagaimanapun, menjelang tahun-tahun 90an, pemilik-pemilik akhbar Bahasa Cina tidak lagi melibatkan diri secara aktif di arena politik tempatan. Mereka merupakan golongan kapitalis yang mementingkan keuntungan melalui manifestasi kuasa politik demi menyokong usaha mengumpul modal dan kekayaan.

Biarpun hasrat untuk memiliki akhbar telah berubah, namun akhbar-akhbar Bahasa Cina kekal dijadikan alat yang digunakan oleh pemiliknya untuk menjaga kepentingan politik, ekonomi atau kepentingan peribadi masing-masing. Sementara itu, wartawan dan editor yang menyedari akan kepentingan-kepentingan majikan mereka terus berusaha mengekalkan kuasa membuat keputusan di bilik berita bagi menyediakan laporan berita yang lebih seimbang untuk para pembaca.

Di dalam lingkungan konteks politik Malaysia yang lebih meluas, akhbar-akhbar tempatan memang dikawal oleh negara dan sektor swasta melalui undang-undang persuratkhabaran, pemilikan dan kawalan diri. Sungguhpun semua akhbar Bahasa Cina dimiliki oleh sektor swasta, akbar-akhbar ini telah menyokong perikatan Barisan Nasional pada Pilihanraya Umum 1995. Kenyataan ini turut menyokong hujahan bahawa pemilik-pemilik akhbar mempamerkan kecenderungan politik masingmasing terhadap parti pemerintah melalui penggunaan akhbar Bahasa Cina demi kepentingan ekonomi dalam bidang-bidang perniagaan yang diceburinya.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	i
ABSTRACT	ii
ABSTRAK	įv
TABLE OF CONTENTS	vi
APPENDICES	ix
LIST OF TABLES	xi
Chapter 1 : Introduction	1
Statement of the research problem	1
Aims and scope of research	9
Theoretical Framework	15
Literature review	22
Methodology	36
Chapter 2 : The Malaysian Press and the State	51
Introduction	51
The press and politics	51
An overview of the Malaysian politics	62
Conclusion	

Dailies	/6
Introduction	
	76
dailies 99 104 108 111	95
	115
	122
ess	127
	127
	127
Mechanism of governmental control	
140 145 147 149 150	139
Newsroom control and self-regulation	
	170
	104 108 111 111 140 145 147 149

Chapter 5	: Content analysis of the 1995 General	Elections	
	among Chinese dailies		175
Introduction			175
The Malaysia	press and elections		175
Findings and	discussion		181
• Th • Th • M • Bi • Th	thted during the 1995 General Elections to BN leaders' attack on the DAP to DAP's counter-attack and clarification edia and political parties "Is support for Chinese education to public endorsement of non-political partizations for BN	200 204 206 212 222	187
Conclusion			226
Chapter Six	: Conclusion		233
Appendices			240
Bibliography			280

APPENDICES

Appendix		Page
A	Frequency of Elections News Favourable to the BN in comparison with News Favourable to the Opposition Parties in Four Chinese Dailies during the Campaign Period.	240
В	Total Frequency of Elections News Favourable to the BN in comparison with News Favourable to the Opposition Parties in Four Chinese Dailies during the Campaign Period	244
	Total Size of Elections News Favourable to the BN in comparison with News Favourable to the Opposition Parties in Four Chinese Dailies during the Campaign Period	245
C	Issues Highlighted during the 1995 General Elections	246
	Issue 1: The BN Leaders' Attack on the DAP Frequency and Size of News Articles Main Themes Headlines in Chinese Dailies	246 246 247 248
	Issue 2: The DAP's Counter-Attack and Clarification Frequency and Size of News Articles Main Themes Headlines in Chinese Dailies	256 256 257 258
	Issue 3: Media and Political Parties Frequency and Size of News Articles Main Themes Headlines in Chinese Dailies	261 261 262 263
	Issue 4: The BN's Support for Chinese Education Frequency and Size of News Articles Main Themes Headlines in Chinese Dailies	266 266 267 269

Issue 5: The Public Endorsement of Non-Political	
Organizations for BN	274
Frequency and Size of News Articles	274
Main Themes	275
Headlines in Chinese Dailies	276

Х

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
1.1	Chinese Dailies Published during the 1995 General Elections.	37
1.2	Audited Circulation Figures of Chinese Dailies in the Peninsula	39
3.1	Estimated Readership Figures of Chinese Dailies in June 1994.	96
5.1	Malaysian Parliamentary Seats Contested and Won by the BN and the Opposition Parties in the 1990 and 1995 General Elections	179
5.2	Total Frequency of Elections News Favourable to the BN in comparison with News Favourable to the Opposition Parties in Four Chinese Dailies during the Campaign Period.	182
5.3	Total Size of Elections News Favourable to the BN in comparison with News Favourable to the Opposition Parties in Four Chinese Dailies during the Campaign Period	185
5.4	Issue highlighted on 16 April: The Tanjong 3 Battle between Lim Kit Siang and Koh Tsu Koon	188
5.5	Issue highlighted on 17 April: DAP Inciting Racial Tension	189
5.6	Issue highlighted on 18 April: DAP's Plan to Rule the State of Penang	190
5.7	Issue highlighted on 19 April: Lim Kit Siang's Image as Arrogant, Extreme, Abusive and Acting out of Law	191

5.8	The Opposition Parties Protested to Have More Access to Media	192
5.9	Issue highlighted on 21 April: BN's Plan to Develop Kelantan and to Lash Criticism Against PAS	193
5.10	Issue highlighted on 22 April: BN's Critique Against the DAP	194
5.11	Issue highlighted on 23 April: Tanjong 3 Manifesto and DAP's Plans to Develop Penang	195
5.12	Issue highlighted on 24 April: The Opposition Parties' Hostility and Violence towards Journalists	196
5.13	Issue highlighted on 25 April: Prediction regarding the BN's Victory	197