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RECOVERY OF NICKEL AND CHROMIUM FROM WASTEWATER BY MEMBRANE PROCESSES

BY

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ABSTRACT

In this study recovery of heavy metals (Ni and Cr) and water from wastewater have been explored using the reverse osmosis process. The relationship between permeate flow rate and trans-membrane pressure drop (TMP) for different feed concentrations were derived. The effect of TMP on concentration of heavy metals in the permeate was also studied. Recovery of heavy metals and high quality process water were two main applications studied here using pilot plant membrane unit. A feasibility of reclaiming high quality process water from the effluent was carried out by a comparative study between RO membrane process and deionization process for small and medium scale electroplating industries. A modification of surface force pore-flow (SFPF) model was also included as a part of this study. Experimental data for the modelling work were gathered by using aqueous sodium chloride solutions. The verification of the SFPF model for the aqueous NiSO4, NiCl2 and CrCl3 solutions was not included in the scope of this work.

ABSTRAK

Kajian ini meliputi pemerolehan semula logam-logam berat (Ni dan Cr) dan air dari air buangan dengan menggunakan proses reverse osmosis. Perhubugan di antara kadar aliran hasil penapisan dan perbezaan tekanan membran (TMP) bagi kepekatan larutan yang berlainan telah diperolehi. Kesan TMP ini terhadap kepekatan logam-logam berat di dalam hasil penapisan juga dikaji. Pemerolehan semula logam-logam berat dan air proses berkualiti tinggi adalah dua penggunaan utama unit membran (pilot plant) yang dikaji. Kajian perbandingan kos penghasilan air proses berkualiti tinggi dari effluen oleh proses membran dan proses penyahionan dilakukan bagi tujuan penggunaan di industri penyaduran kecil dan sederhana. Selain daripada itu, kajian ini meliputi pengubahsuaian model 'suface force pore-flow' (SFPF). Data eksperimen dikumpul dengan menggunakan larutan akuas natrium klorida. Kajian model SFPF ini tidak merangkumi penggunaan larutan akuas NiSO4, NiCl2 dan CrCl3.

CONTENTS

	PAGE
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	ii
ABSTRACT	iii
ABSTRAK	iv
CONTENTS	v
LIST OF TABLES	xi
LIST OF FIGURES	xiii
APPENDIX	xv
Chapter 1: Introduction	1
1.1 Significance of Research	1
1.2 Industrial Wastewater and Heavy Metal Pollution	2
1.3 Various Techniques of Treatment Technology	4
1.3.1 Chemical Precipitation	4
1.3.2 Ion Exchange	5
1.3.3 Evaporation	6
1.4 Membrane Separation	6
1.4.1 Reverse osmosis	9
1.5 Comparison of Different Separation	
Technologies	11

1.6 Objective and Scope of Research	13
Chapter 2 : Literature Review	15
2.1 Nickel	15
2.1.1 Uses of Nickel	16
2.1.2 Nickel in Vegetation	16
2.1.3 Distribution and Behaviour of Nickel in the	
Aquatic Environment	19
2.1.3.1 Nickel in Streams and Rivers	19
2.1.3.2 Nickel in Lakes	21
2.1.3.3 Nickel in Estuaries	22
2.1.3.4 Nickel in Wastewater	22
2.1.4 Toxicity of Nickel	23
2.1.4.1 Effect of Nickel on Marine Organisms	23
2.1.4.2 Effect of Nickel on Freshwater Organisms	26
2.1.5 The Effect of Nickel on Human Health	28
2.1.6 Recommended Environmental Quality	
Standards (EQS)	31
2.2 Chromium	33
2.2.1 Chromium in Vegetation	35
2.1.3.1 Nickel in Streams and Rivers 2.1.3.2 Nickel in Lakes 2.1.3.3 Nickel in Estuaries 2.1.3.4 Nickel in Wastewater 2.1.4 Toxicity of Nickel 2.1.4.1 Effect of Nickel on Marine Organisms 2.1.4.2 Effect of Nickel on Freshwater Organisms 2.1.5 The Effect of Nickel on Human Health 2.1.6 Recommended Environmental Quality Standards (EQS)	19 21 22 23 23 26 28 31 33

2.2.2 Distribution and Behaviour of Cr in Aquatic	
Environment	30
2.2.2.1 Chromium in Streams and Rivers	30
2.2.2.2 Chromium in Wastewater	38
2.2.3 Toxicity of Chromium	38
2.2.3.1 Effect of Chromium on Marine Organisms	38
2.2.3.2 Effect of Chromium on Freshwater	
Organisms	42
2.2.4 The Effect of Chromium on Human Health	46
2.2.5 Recommended Environmental Quality	
Standards (EQS)	49
Chapter 3: Materials and Methods	51
3.1 Membrane Separation	51
3.1.1 Chemicals	51
3.1.2 Preparation of Metal Solutions	51
3.1.3 Membrane Unit	52
3.1.4 Reverse Osmosis Membrane Module	55
3.2 Metal Analysis	56
3.2.1 Chemicals	56

3.2.2 Inductively Coupled Plasma	57
3.2.3 Flame Photometer	59
Chapter 4 : Results and Discussions	62
4.1 Separation of Nickel (II) Sulfate	62
4.1.1 .NiSO ₄ : Trans-membrane Pressure Drop and	
Permeate Flow Rate	62
4.1.2 NiSO ₄ : Trans-membrane Pressure Drop and	
Ni in Permeate	66
4. 1. 3 NiSO ₄ : Transmembrane Pressure Drop and	
Ni in Concentrate	69
4.1.4 NiSO ₄ : Flow Rate and Ni Concentration	
in Permeate	72
4.2 Separation of Nickel (II) Chloride	75
4.2.1 NiCl ₂ : Trans-membrane Pressure Drop and	
Permeate Flow Rate	75
4.2.2 NiCl ₂ : Trans-membrane Pressure Drop and Ni in	
Permeate	78
4.2.3 NiCl ₂ : Trans-membrane Pressure Drop and Ni in	
Concentrate	81

4.2.4 NiCl ₂ : Flow Rate and Ni Concentration in	
Permeate	83
4.3 Separation of Chromium (III) Chloride	86
4.3.1 CrCl ₃ : Transmembrane Pressure Drop and	
Permeate Flow Rate	86
4.3.2 CrCl ₃ : Trans-membrane Pressure Drop and	
Cr in Permeate	89
4.3.3 CrCl ₃ : Trans-membrane Pressure Drop and	
Cr in Concentrate	92
4.3.4 CrCl ₃ : Flow Rate and Cr Concentration in	
Permeate	95
4.4 Conclusion	97
Chapter 5 : A Feasibility Study of Membrane Process	101
5.1 A Comparative Study on RO Membrane Process and	
Deionization	101
5.1.1 An Automatic Water Demineralizer/Deionizer	102
5.1.2 Reverse Osmosis Membrane Unit	103
5.2 Conclusion	104

Chapter 6 : Moderning - Surface Porce Pore-Plow Moder	105
6.1 Introduction	105
6.2 The Simulation Scheme	108
6.3 Results and Discussions	115
6.4 Conclusion	118
REFERENCES	120

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE	PAGE
Table 1.1: Metal finishing operations and typical waste	3
Table 1.2: Characteristics of metal finishing wastewater	3
Table 1.3: Membrane separation and applications	8
Table 1.4: Evaluation of three different separation technologies	12
Table 2.1: Nickel in river water- 1995	20
Table 2.2: Forms of nickel in the major rivers of the world	21
Table 2.3 : Nickel in various wastewater	23
Table 2.4: Acute toxicity (96-h LC50) of Nickel (as chloride) to	
marine fauna	25
Table 2.5: Possible relation of cancer and nickel compounds	30
Table 2.6 : Environmental standard quality by WRC, 1984	32
Table 2.7 : Some uses of chemicals containing Cr	34
Table 2.8 : Chromium in river water - 1995	37
Table 2.9 : Acute toxicity (LC50) for hexavalent chromium	40
Table 2.10 : Acute toxicity (96-h LC50) for trivalent chromium	41
Γable 2.11: Acute toxicity of hexavalent chromium to freshwater fish	43
Table 2.12 : Acute toxicity of trivalent chromium to freshwater fish	44
Table 2.13 : Acute values (96-h LC50) for chromium	45

Table 2.14 . I failt values for emonitum (EFA, 1980)	40
Table 2.15: Environmental standard quality by WRC, 1984	50
Table 3.1 : Detection limits for the Baird ICP Optical Emission	
Spectrometer	58
Table 6.1 : The physico- chemical parameters used in this work	115
Table 6.2 : f values for experimental (feed concentration 30 mg/L)	
and calculated data	116
Table 6.3 : f values for experimental (feed concentration 50 mg/L)	
and calculated data	117
Table 6.4 : f values for experimental (feed concentration 80 mg/L)	
and calculated data	117

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE	PAGE
Figure 1.1 : Application size range of membrane filtration	
processes	9
Figure 3.1 : Schematic diagram of reverse osmosis system	53
Figure 3.2 : The construction of the membrane module	55
Figure 3.3 : Schematic cross-section of a thin film composite	
membrane	56
Figure 4.1.1 : Relationship between trans-membrane pressure	
drop (TMP) and permeate flow rate for NiSO ₄	65
Figure 4.1.2 : Relationship between trans-membrane pressure	
drop (TMP) and Ni permeate for ${\rm NiSO_4}$	68
Figure 4.1.3 : Relationship between trans-membrane pressure	
drop (TMP) and Ni in concentrate for NiSO ₄	71
Figure 4.1.4: Relationship between flow rate and Ni in permeate	
for NiSO ₄	74
Figure 4.2.1: Relationship between trans-membrane pressure	
drop (TMP) and permeate flow rate for NiCl ₂	77
Figure 4.2.2 : Relationship between trans-membrane pressure	
drop (TMP) and Ni in permeate for NiCl ₂	80

Figure 4.2.3: Relationship between trans-membrane pressure	
drop and Ni in concentrate for NiCl ₂	82
Figure 4.2.4: Relationship between flow rate and Ni in permeate	
for NiCl ₂	85
Figure 4.3.1 : Relationship between trans-membrane pressure	
drop and permeate flow rate for CrCl ₃	88
Figure 4.3.2 : Relationship between trans-membrane pressure	
drop and Cr in permeate for CrCl ₃	91
Figure 4.3.3 : Relationship between trans-membrane pressure	
drop and Cr in concentrate CrCl ₃	94
Figure 4.3.4: Relationship between flow rate and Cr in	
permeate for CrCl ₃	96

APPENDIX

Appendix : Environmental Quality Act 1974, Environmental Quality (Sewage and Industrial Effluents) Regulations 1979