# Network Simulation and Performance Evaluation of IP Multicast Using PIM-DM in UMJaNetSim

A thesis submitted to the Faculty of Computer Science & Information Technology University of Malaya

Ву

#### TEOH JUI HIANGH (WGA00029)

In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Master of Computer Science

**OCTOBER 2001** 



Supervisor: Mr. Woo Chaw Seng

#### Abstract

The demand for multicast capabilities in IP networks is growing very rapidly. New applications that take advantage of IP Multicast are being introduced constantly. Therefore, IP Multicast is regarded as one of the most important technologies in IP networks today.

This dissertation focuses on the simulation and performance evaluation of IP Multicast using Protocol Independent Multicast – Dense Mode (PIM-DM) as the multicast routing protocol. The simulation is executed in a network simulator named UMJaNetSim, where custom components are built in order to simulate IP Multicast. First, the advantages and applications of IP Multicast, multicast addressing, Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP), multicast forwarding algorithms, multicast routing protocols, computer simulation and objects in UMJaNetSim are studied. Next, the IGMP and PIM-DM protocols are implemented and integrated into the simulator. The simulation is carried out on point-to-point links and in a non-dynamically changing unicast routing environment. The simulated multicast applications used in the simulation environment involve only one-to-many communication pattern.

The performance of simulation of IP Multicast using PIM-DM in dense and sparse distributions of multicast membership is analyzed. These include join latency, traffic concentration and protocól overhead. It is found that membership distribution could affect the performance of IP Multicast. Simulation results show that sparsely distributed multicast members have lower join latency while densely distributed multicast members have lower traffic concentration and smaller protocol overhead.

## Acknowledgement

I wish to express my deepest gratitude to my supervisor, Mr. Woo Chaw Seng for his guidance, advice, and encouragement throughout my project.

I would like to thank Mr. Ling Teck Chaw, Mr. Phang Keat Keong and Mr. Lim Shiau Hong for their guidance and advice throughout the entire project. Their invaluable assistant and ideas had guided me so much during the development phase of the project.

Finally, I would also like to thank my family members for their persistent support, and fellow course-mates, especially Mr. Lim Khong Leng, for the sharing of their knowledge.

## **Contents**

ABSTRACT
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
LIST OF FIGURES
LIST OF TABLESxi
ABBREVIATIONSxii
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION
1.1 Introduction to IP Multicast
1.1.1 Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)
1.1.2 Multicast Routing Protocol
1.2 Introduction to Computer Simulation
1.3 Objectives of the Dissertation
1.4 Scope of the Dissertation
1.5 Organizations of Dissertation
CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW8
2.1 IP Multicast
2.1.1 Introduction
2.1.1.1 Advantages of IP Multicast
2.1.1.2 Multicast Applications
2.1.2 Model of IP Multiast
2.1.3 Multicast Group Address
2.1.4 Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)
2.1.4.1 IGMP Version 1
2.1.4.2 IGMP Version 2
2   4 3 IGMP Version 3

2.1.5 Multicast Forwarding Algorithms	19
2.1.5.1 Flooding	26
2.1.5.2 Spanning Tree	21
2.1.5.3 Reverse Path Broadcasting (RPB)	23
2.1.5.4 Truncated Reverse Path Broadcasting (TRPB)	25
2.1.5.5 Reverse Path Multicasting (RPM)	25
2.1.5.6 Core Based Trees (CBT)	27
2.1.6 Multicast Routing Protocols	28
2.1.6.1 Potocol Independent Multicast - Dense Mode (PIM-DM)	29
2.1.6.2 Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP)	31
2.1.6.3 Multicast Extension to Open Shortest Path First (MOSPF)	32
2.1.6.4 Core Based Trees (CBT)	32
2.1.6.5 Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode (PIM-SM)	33
2.2 Reviews on Computer Simulation	34
2.2.1 Computer Simulation	34
2.2.2 Programming Approach and Languege	35
2.2.2.1 Approach	35
2.2.2.2 Java	37
2.2.3 ComputerNetwork Simulator	38
2.3 Analysis on UMJaNetSim	39
2.3.1 UMJaNetSim Architecture	39
2.3.1.1 Event Management Architecture	40
2.3.1.2 GUI Management Architecture	42
2.3.1.3 Simulation Components	43
2.3.2 UMJaNetSim API	43
2.3.2.1 Javasim	43
2.3.2.2 SimEvent	44
2 3 2 3 SimClock	45

2.3.2.4 SIMCOMPONENT	
2.3.2.5 SimParameter	4
2.4 Summary	4
CHAPTER 3 ANALYSIS ON IGMP AND PIM-DM	49
3.1 Analysis on IGMP	49
3.1.1 IGMP Message	49
3.1.2 IGMP Group Table	5 /
3.1.3 IGMP Timers and Variables	52
3.1.4 Protocol Description	54
3.1.4.1 IGMP in Host	55
3.1.4.2 IGMP in Router	50
3.2 Analysis on PIM-DM	57
3.2.1 PIM-DM Control Message	57
3.2.1.1 PIM-Hello Message	59
3.2.1.2 Prune Message	59
3.2.1.3 Assert Message	59
3.2.1.4 Graftt Message	59
3.2.1.5 Graft-Ack Message	60
3.2.2 Timers	60
3.2.3 PIM-DM Table	61
3.2.3.1 PIM-DM Multicast Forwarding Table	62
3.2.3.2 PIM-DM Neighbor Information Table	62
3.2.3.3 PIM-DM Membership Table	63
3.2.4 Protocol Analysis	63
3.2.4.1 Sending and Receiving Hello Message	64
3.2.4.2 Sending and Receiving Prune Message	65
3.2.4.3 Sending and Receiving Graft and Graft-Ack Message	65
2.2.4.4 ICMB Natification	66

3.2.4.5 Handling PIM-DM Timers	6
3.2.4.6 Receiving and Forwarding Multicast Packet	6
3.3 Summary	68
CHAPTER 4 SYSTEM DESIGN	69
4.1 Overall System Design	69
4.2 IGMP Design	70
4.2.1 System Architecture Design	70
4.2.1.1 IGMP Core Design	71
4.2.1.2 IGMP Group Table Design	72
4.2.1.3 IGMP Timers Design	72
4.2.2 Object-oriented Design	75
4.2.3 Class Design	73
4.2.3.1 IGMPv2 Class	73
4.2.3.2 Group Class	75
4.2.3.3 IGMPTimer Class	75
4.2.3.4 SimParamGroupTable Class	76
4.2.3.5 Modification in IPBTE Class	76
4.2.3.6 Modification in ATMLSR Class	76
4.3 PIM-DM Design	
4.3.1 System Architecture Design	77
4.3.1.1 PIM-DM Core Design	77
4.3.1.2 PIM-DM SG Table Design	78
4.3.1.3 PIM-DM Neighbor Table Design	78
4.3.1.4 PIM-DM Membership Table Design	78
4.3.1.5 PIM-DM Timers Design	78
4.3.2 Object-oriented Design	78
4.3.3 Class Design	79
4.2.2.1 BIMDM Class	70

4.3.3.2 SG Class	8
4.3.3.3 SGOF Class	8
4.3.3.4 PIMNeighbor Class	8
4.3.3.5 PIMDMTimer Class	8
4.3.3.6 SimParamPIMDMTable Class	8
4.3.3.7 SimParamPIMDMNeighbor Class	8
4.3.3.8 Modification in ATMLSR Class	8
4.4 Multicast Applications Design	8.
4.4.1 MulticastdataApp Class	8.
4.4.2 IPMulticastApp Class	8
4.5 Summary	8.
CHAPTER 5 IMPLEMENTATION	80
5.1 Implementation of IGMP	
5.1.1 IGMPv2 Class	80
5.1.2 SimParamGroupTable Class	88
5.1.3 Modification in IPBTE Class	89
5.1.4 Modification in ATMLSR Class	90
5.2 Implementation of PIM-DM	9
5.2.1 PIMDM Class	9
5.2.2 SimParamPIMDMTable Class	95
5.2.3SimParamPIMDMNeighbor Class	95
5.2.4 Modification in ATMLSR Class	96
5.3 Implementation of Simulation Application	98
5.3.1 MulticastdataApp Class	98
5.3.2 IPMulticast Class	99
5.4 System Flow for Implementation	100
5.5 Simulation Topology	102
5.6 Evaluations and Simulifications in Implementation	104

5.7 Summary	106
CHAPTER 6 TESTING AND PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	107
6.1 Introduction	107
6.2 Validation Test	108
6.2.1 Validation Test for MulticastdataApp	108
6.2.2 Validation Test for IPMulticastApp	110
6.2.3 Validation Test for IGMPv2	112
6.2.4 Validation Test for PIMDM	126
6.3 Performance Evaluation on IP Multicast through PIM-DM	136
6.3.1 Join Latency Test	144
6.3.2 Traffic Concentration Test	146
6.3.3 Protocol Overhead Test	147
6.4 Summary	148
CHAPTER 7 CONCLUSIONS	150
7.1 Summary of Dissertation	150
7.2 Achievement of Objectives	151
7.3 Contributions	152
7.4 Limitations	153
7.5 Future Enhancements	153
APPENDIX A IGMP STATE DIAGRAM	154
APPENDIX B CONSTANT USED IN IGMPV2 CLASS AND PIMDM CLASS	158
APPENDIX C SIMULATION RESULTS FOR PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	162
APPENDIX D MULTICAST ADDRESS CATEGORY	166
REFERENCES	167

## List of Figures

FIGURE 2.1	THREE APPROACHES IN ONE-TO-MANY APPLICATIONS	
FIGURE 2.2	BASIC IP MULTICAST MODEL	1
FIGURE 2.3	POSISTION OF IGMP IN NETWORK LAYER	4
FIGURE 2.4	ENCAPSULATION OF IGMP PACKET	4
FIGURE 2.5	REPROTING MEMBERSHIP	
FIGURE 2.6	MONITORING MEMBERSHIP	6
FIGURE 2.7	CONTINUING MEMBERSHIP	(
FIGURE 2.8	LEAVING MULTICAST GROUP	8
FIGURE 2.9	GROUP SPECIFIC QUERY	8
FIGURE 2.10	RESPOND TO GROUP SPECIFIC QUERY OR REPORT MEMBERSHIP 1	9
FIGURE 2.11	FLOODING ALGORITHM	1
FIGURE 2.12	EXAMPLE OF SPANNING TREE	2
FIGURE 2.13	SPANNING TREE ALGORITHM	2
FIGURE 2.14	REVERSE PATH BROADCASTING ALGORITM2	3
FIGURE 2.15	ENHANCED REVERSE PATH BROADCASTING ALGORITHM2	4
FIGURE 2.16	TRUNCATED REVERSE PATH BROADCASTING ALGORITHM2	5
FIGURE 2.17	REVERSE PATH MULTICASTING ALGORITHM	6
FIGURE 2.18	CORE BASED TREES ALGORITHM	8
FIGURE 2.19	ARCHITECTURE OF, UMJANETSIM	0
FIGURE 2.20	EVENT MANAGEMENT ARCHITECTURE FOR UMJANETSIM	1
FIGURE 2.21	GUI MANAGEMENT ARCHITECTURE FOR UMJANETSIM	2
FIGURE 3.1	IGMP MESSAGE FORMAT	)
FIGURE 3.2	COMMON HEADER FOR PIM-DM CONTROL MESSAGE	3
FIGURE 4.1	NEW UMJANETSIM OBJECTS WITH IP MULTICAST6	)
FIGURE 4.2	BASIC SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE FOR IGMP	)
FIGURE 4.2	IGMP ODJECT IN LIMIA NETSIM	2

FIGURE 4.4	BASIC SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE FOR PIM-DM//
FIGURE 4.5	PIM-DM OBJECT IN UMJANETSIM
FIGURE 5.1	SYSTEM FLOW FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF PIMDM CLASS101
FIGURE 5.2	A MULTI-ACCESS NETWORK
FIGURE 5.3	NETWORK SIMULATION ENVIRONMENT
FIGURE 6.1	SIMULATION TOPOLOGY FOR VALIDATION TEST OF MULTICASTDATA APP109
FIGURE 6.2	SIMULATION TOPOLOGY FOR VALIDATION TEST OF IPMULTICATAPP111
FIGURE 6.3	SIMULTATION TOPOLOGY FOR INITIALIZATION OF IGMP TEST
FIGURE 6.4	SIMULATION TOPOLOGY FOR IGMP JOIN AND LEAVE TEST
FIGURE 6.5	EXAMPLE OF GROUP TABLE IN BTE1 AND R1 FOR TEST IN SCENARIO 1116
FIGURE 6.6	EXAMPE OF GROUP TABLE IN BTE1 AND R1 FOE TEST IN SCENARIO 2
FIGURE 6.7	EXAMPLE OF GROUP TABLE IN R1 FOR TEST IN SCENARIO 3
FIGURE 6.8	EXAMPLE OF GROUP TABLE IN R1 IN TEST FOR SCENARIO 4
FIGURE 6.9	SIMULATION TOPOLOGY FOR PIM-DM INITIALIZATION TEST
FIGURE 6.10	EXAMPLES FOR PIM-DM NEIGHBOR TABLE FOR TEST 1
FIGURE 6.11	SIMULATION TOPOLOGY FOR TREE ESTABLISHMENT AND MULTICAST PACKETS
	FORWARDING TEST IN SCENARIO 1
FIGURE 6.12	EXAMPLE OF GUI PIM-DM (S, G) TABLE FOR ROUTER R5, R6 AND R7129
FIGURE 6.13	CONDITION OF MULTICAST PACKETS FORWARDING AT 2ND SECOND OF SIMULATION 131
FIGURE 6.14	MULTICAST TREE AT 50TH SECOND OF SIMULATION
FIGURE 6.15	MULTICAST TREE AT 100TH SECOND OF SIMULATION
FIGURE 6.16	MULTICAST TREE AT 160TH SECOND OF SIMULATION
FIGURE 6.17	MULTICAST TREE AT 480TH SECOND OF SIMULATION
Figure 6.18	SIMULATION TOPOLOGY FOR TREE ESTABLISHMENT AND MULTICAST PACKETS
	FORWARDING TEST IN SCENARIO 2
FIGURE 6.19	MULTICAST TREE ESTABLISHED FOR THREE DIFFERENT MULTICAST GROUP136
FIGURE 6.20	TOPOLOGY FOR 10 MEMBERS DENSE DISTRIBUTIONS
FIGURE 6.21	TOPOLOGY FOR 15 MEMBERS DENSE DISTRIBUTIONS

FIGURE 6.22 TOPOLOGY FOR 20 N	140
FIGURE 6.23 TOPOLOGY FOR 25 M	MEMBERS DENSE DISTRIBUTIONS141
FIGURE 6.24 TOPOLOGY FOR 10 N	141
FIGURE 6.25 TOPOLOGY FOR 15 M	142 TEMBERS SPARSE DISTRIBUTIONS
FIGURE 6.26 TOPOLOGY FOR 20 M	142 fembers Sparse Distributions
FIGURE 6.27 TOPOLOGY FOR 25 M	143 fembers Sparse Distributions
FIGURE 6.28 JOIN LATENCY VERS	US NUMBER OF MEMBERS IN DENSE DISTRIBUTION AND SPARSE
DISTRIBUTION	145
FIGURE 6.29 TRAFFIC CONCENTR	ATIONS VERSUS NUMBER OF MEMBERS IN DENSE DISTRIBUTION AND
SPARSE DISTRIBUTI	ON146
FIGURE 6.30 PROTOCOL OVERHE	AD VERSUS NUMBER OF MEMBERS IN DENSE DISTRIBUTION AND
SPARSE DISTRIBUTE	DN

## List of Tables

	ASSIGNMENT OF MULTICAST ADDRESS FROM IANA	
	METHOD IN JAVASIM	
	METHODS IN SIMEVENT4	
	PROPERTIES IN SIMCOMPONENT	
	METHODS IN SIMCOMPONENT	
	IMPORTANT OVERRIDES IN SIMPARAMETER	
	IGMP VARIABLE AND COUNT5	
	LIST OF IGMP TIMER INTERVALS	
	LIST OF IGMP TIMERS FOR HOST	
TABLE 3.4	LIST OF IGMP TIMERS FOR ROUTER	4
	CONTROL MESSAGE TYPES FOR BOTH PIM-SM AND PIM-DM	
TABLE 3.6	TIMERS IN PIM-DM6	0
	IMPORTANT PARAMETERS IN PIM-DM	
	TIMER EXPIRATION AND RESPONSE	
	DESCRIPTIONS OF FUNCTIONS FOR EACH MODULE	
	SIMULATION COMPONENTS	
TABLE 6.1	RESULTS AND ANALYSIS OF VALIDATION TEST FOR MULTICASTDATAAPP 11	0
TABLE 6.2	RESULTS OF VALIDATION TEST FOR IPMULTICASTAPP	12
	INPUT PARAMETERS FOR SCENARIO 2	
	INPUT PARAMETERS FOR SCENARIO 4	
TABLE 6.5	RESULTS FOR TREE ESTABLISHMENT AND MULTICAST PACKETS FORWARDING TEST 12	29
TABLE 6.6	5 INPUT PARAMETERS FOR SCENARIO 2	34
TABLE 6.7	7 RESULTS RECORDED AT 180 SECONDS IN SCENARIO 2	35
	PROTOCOL	37

#### **Abbreviations**

API Application Programming Interface

ARP Address Resolution Protocol
ATM Asynchronous Transfer Mode

B-TE Broadband Terminal Equipment

CBT Core Based Trees

DVMRP Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol

GenID Generation Identifier

GUI Graphical User Interface

HFC Hybrid Fiber Coax

IANA Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
ICMP Internet Control Message Protocol

IGMP Internet Group Management Protocol

INSANE Internet Simulated ATM Networking Environment

IP Internet Protocol

JVM Java Virtual Machine

LAN Local Area Network

MBONE Multicast Backbone

MOSPF Multicast Extension for Open Shortest Path First

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology of United State

OMNET++ Objective Modular Network Test Bed in C++

OPNET Optimised Network Engineering Tool

OSPF Open Shortest Path First

PARSEC Parallel Simulation Environment for Complex System

PIM-DM Protocol Independent Multicast – Dense Mode
PIM-SM Protocol Independent Multicast – Sparse Mode

RARP Reverse Address Resolution Protocol

RPB Reverse Path Broadcasting

RPF Reverse Forwarding Path

RPM Reverse Path Multicasting

TRPB Truncated Reverse Path Broadcasting

TV Television

WAN Wide Area Network