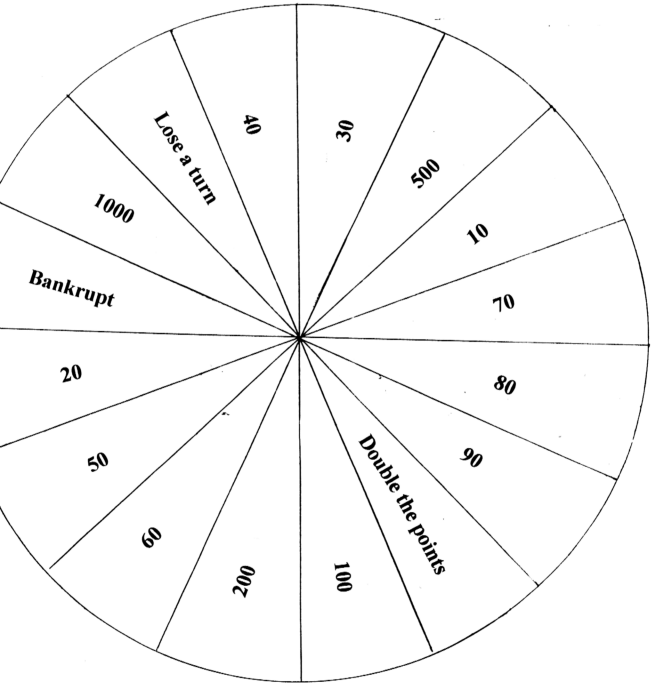


APPENDIX

APPENDIX 1

WHEEL OF FORTUNE



APPENDIX 2

| PAHANG | TERENGGANU |
|--|--|
| <p>Situated only 47 km from Kuantan, its unique feature is the warm hospitality of the village folks. Here, a small part of the beach is administered by the world's famous club, Club Med. The rest of the area are excellent beaches offering soft, white sand and clear, blue water.</p> | <p>It is reputed to be one of the largest and most fascinating man-made lake in the world. It is also Malaysia's largest hydroelectric dam. Surrounded by a lush tropical jungle, this place is also popular and an ideal retreat for nature lovers.</p> |
| <p>This spot is one of the most developed hill resorts in Malaysia. It is favoured by local and foreign visitors. It offers cool mountain weather and lush greenery. An ideal escape from the heat, hustle and bustle of the city. Adventurous visitors can soar to the summit above the clouds on cable cars.</p> | <p>This is the place that should be on every visitor's itinerary. Here, visitors lay in wait quietly from midnight to dawn to watch giant leatherback turtles laying eggs. These giant turtles are indeed a phenomenal sight to behold.</p> |
| <p>The cool climate here makes an excellent tea plantation area. The places of interest here are the Robinson waterfall, the Rose Garden nurseries and the vegetable farms. The small town of Tapah is the starting line to this retreat which can be reached by bus, taxi or train from Kuala Lumpur.</p> | <p>Stroll down the waterfront of Kuala Terengganu of fishmongers haggling for the price of fish and other seafood. You can also take a boat ride to one of the many beautiful surrounding islands. An incredible view of the South China Sea can be seen from here.</p> |
| <p>This delightful beach is the site of world class hotels. Only 5 km from the town of Kuantan, it is an excellent beach for water sports activities. A short jungle trek through the Teluk Chempedak Forest Reserve leads to the idyllic Pelindung Beach.</p> | <p>At 200 m high, this historical hill is situated next to Istana Maziah. It was used as a fortress between the year of 1831 and 1876 to defend the state from enemy attack. A few historical remains can be seen here such as old cannons, a flagpole, an ancient large bell and a fort. As it is the highest point in Kuala Terengganu, visitors standing on top of the hill can witness the magnificent view of the areas surrounding it.</p> |
| <p>A tour of the town is not complete without a visit here which houses a rich collection of historical items. Tourists as well as locals can also find out about the old history of Pahang here.</p> | <p>A trip to this lush and exotic tropical island is a must for all nature lovers. Surrounded by dense jungle, swaying palm trees, white sandy beaches, sapphire blue sky and a colourful coral garden, this island is renowned as one of Malaysia's marine paradise.</p> |
| <p>With a site of 38 km long and 19 km at its greatest width, this island is the largest of a group 64 volcanic islands. It is also a magnificent island in the sun, with crystal-clear water for swimming.</p> | <p>A pleasurable experience of the sound and sight of rushing water makes this place a favourite spot for visitors as well as locals. It is surrounded with unspoiled country scenery.</p> |

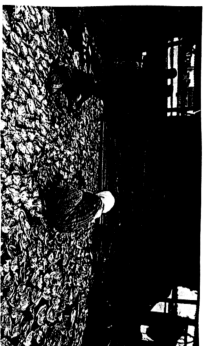
TERRENGGANU



PULAU PERHENTIAN



KENYIR LAKE





BUKIT
PUTERI



SEKAYU WATERFALLS

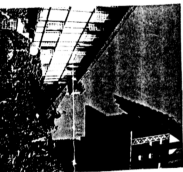


RANTAU
ABANG



PULAU TIOMAN

PAHLANG



CAMERON HIGHLANDS



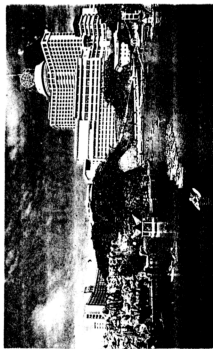


Cherating



Teluk Chempedak

GENTING HIGHLANDS



APPENDIX 5

JOHOR

Welcome to Johor Darul Takzim. This southernmost state in Peninsular Malaysia covers an area of 19,984 sq km. It is the second largest state in West Malaysia.

Johor is made up of eight districts – Johor Bahru, Pontian, Batu Pahat, Muar, Mersing, Kota Tinggi, Kluang and Segamat. Each district is special with its own unique fruits and _____ surroundings. Popular fruits that can be found here are pineapples and coconuts. In Johor you can get the chance to see the _____ kampungs, _____ fishing villages and _____ jungles.

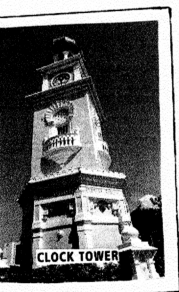
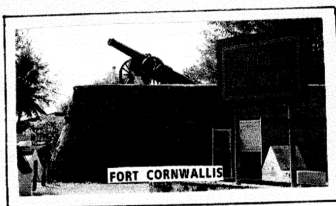
An _____ place to visit is the Sultan Abu Bakar Mosque which is atop of a hill with a beautiful and a _____ view of the Straits of Tebrau. The _____ mosque is said to be among the finest in the country.

Out-of-town attractions include the _____ Kota Tinggi Waterfalls which is located 56 km north of Johor Bahru. This waterfall is just the place for you if you crave swimming in the _____ heat. Another attraction is Johor Lama – a small, _____ village next to the banks of the Johor River.

Tourists can catch the _____ sunrise, _____ emerald blue sea and miles of _____ beaches in Johor. These beaches can be found in the many small islands situated nearby the state of Johor. One of the best islands that can be found here is Pulau Tengah. It is declared as a marine park due to the _____ marine life and rare species of fish and corals. Giant leatherback turtles come ashore this _____ island to lay eggs annually.



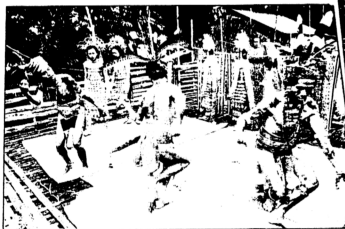
PPENDIX 7



Unit 17

Describing a Place

READING



While you read the passage, answer the questions in the margin as you come to them.

When the boat reached Kampung Bunu, Kanang was waiting. He had heard the sound of the boat engine.¹

Kanang's father was the *Tuai Rumah*,² the head of the longhouse. So as Kanang's guest, I was an important visitor. A young lady gave me a drink of *tuak* or rice wine before I entered the longhouse. The front of the building was a long, open balcony facing the river. It stretched from one end of the longhouse to the other. A tall middle-aged man welcomed me here. He was the *Tuai Rumah*. Kanang told me to follow him.

From the balcony we went to the *ruai* or community hall. It³ was right at the centre of the longhouse.

Kampung Bunu was indeed a long house. Longhouses are measured by the number of doors along the balcony. This one had thirty-one doors. Each door opened into a family room. The rooms were next to each other on both sides of the *ruai*.⁴ Thirty families lived here. We walked down the balcony and the *Tuai Rumah* introduced me to everyone we met.

We then went back to the *ruai*. Kanang excused himself. He wanted to see the cooking in the kitchen behind the longhouse.⁵ I asked to go with him but Kanang said visitors could not go there.

1 How did Kanang know that the boat had come?

2 *Tuai Rumah* means _____

3 It is _____

4 Where were the family rooms?

5 Where was the kitchen?

PENDIX 8 b

That evening there was an *Insera*, a reading of Iban poetry.⁶ Then some men and women performed the *Ngajat* dance. I joined in and quickly learned the dance. I did not get to sleep till past midnight.

6 What happens at an *Insera*?

Choose the sentences in colour to answer the questions. You need not use all the sentences.

| | |
|--|---|
| He was a visitor. | There were thirty-one doors. |
| They led into the family rooms | He had a drink of <i>tuak</i> . |
| It stretched from one end of the longhouse to the other. | He was the guest of one <i>Tuai Rumah</i> 's son. |
| Kanang was the <i>Tuai Rumah</i> 's son. | A tall middle-aged man welcomed him. |
| | Kanang wanted to go to the kitchen. |

Why was the writer 'an important visitor'?
 What did he do before he entered the longhouse?
 What did he say about the open balcony?
 What did the doors open into?
 Why was the writer not allowed to go to the kitchen?

Choose the best answer.

- Which part of the longhouse did the writer first sleep upon?
- A The community hall
 - B The family rooms
 - C The open balcony
- The writer said that Kampung Bunu was 'indeed a longhouse' because
- A it had thirty families
 - B it had a long balcony
 - C it had thirty-one doors
- 3 The *ruai* is used for
- A families to sleep in
 - B activities for everyone
 - C guests to rest in
- 4 The family rooms were situated
- A on one side of the *ruai*
 - B between the balcony and the kitchen
 - C along the front of the building
- 5 The kitchen of the longhouse was
- A next to the *ruai*
 - B just behind the balcony
 - C at the back of the building

Complete the descriptions with the sentence halves in the box.

| | |
|---|---|
| the place for cooking food behind the rooms | the hall where people meet for activities |
| a long open space at the front of the longhouse | rooms side by side for different families |

The *ruai* is 2 The balcony is 3 The family rooms are 4 The kitchen is

Reading skills: Making inferences about information not directly stated—attitudes

In the last unit, we made some guesses about the kind of person the writer is based on the other details in the passage. In this unit we shall make a guess at the writer's feelings about what he describes. We can make a guess even though the writer does not mention these feelings directly.

- 1 Read Paragraph 2 carefully. Pick out **one** sentence that can help you to answer this question:
Do you think the writer liked to visit the longhouse?
- 2 Read Paragraph 4 carefully. Pick out **one** sentence that will help you to answer this question:
Do you think the writer found the longhouse interesting?
- 3 Read Paragraph 6 carefully. Pick out **two** sentences that will help you to answer the same question as in 2.

LANGUAGE IN USE

Describing buildings

Look at the reading passage. The writer describes the longhouse. It has:

a balcony a community hall a kitchen thirty-one rooms

You can describe buildings in your school. Do you remember the new boy in Unit 7? He asked Khalid a lot of questions. He asked questions about the library and the canteen.

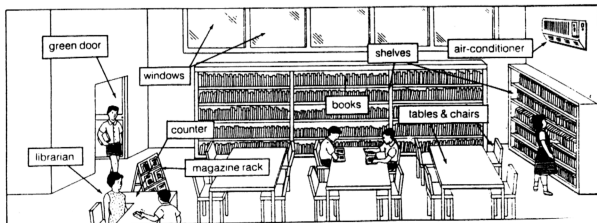
Talking about the school library

When you ask about a building such as a library you can ask:

What does the library look like?

1 Read Khalid's description.

It has a green door and several windows. Inside, it has many shelves along the walls. The shelves are full of books. There is a counter and a magazine rack near the door. The librarian works behind the counter. You go to the librarian when you want to borrow a book. There are tables and chairs for pupils who want to study there. There is an air-conditioner at the far end of the room.



PENDIX 8 d



- 2 Groupwork. Work in pairs. Here is a picture of another school library. One person asks questions about it and another person describes it.



- 3 Write your description of this school library.



Must and must not



- 4 In Unit 9 you looked at school rules. Here are some rules for the library. Put them under **must** or **must not**.

Example You must keep the library clean and neat.

Example You must not make any noise.

| You must | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • keep the library clean and neat • make any noise • write on the pages of the books • put back the magazines after reading them • tear any pages from the books • be quiet at all times • use your library cards to borrow books • steal any books | You must not |
|----------|--|--------------|
|----------|--|--------------|

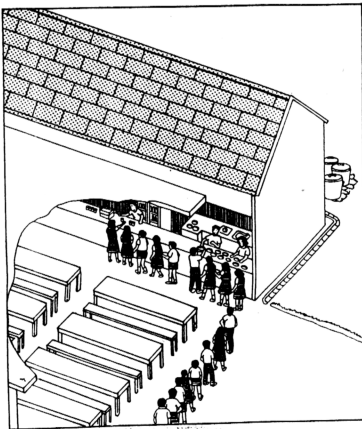
Talking about the school canteen

You can use the same type of question to ask about the canteen.

What does the canteen look like?

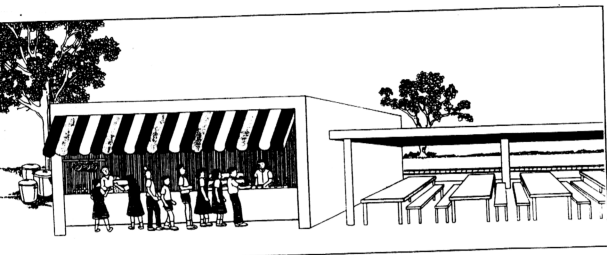
5 Read Khalid's description.

The school has a large canteen. Many children go there to buy food. They have to line up. The canteen workers stand behind the counter and sell *rojak*, *nasi lemak*, cakes and drinks. After buying their food, children go to the long benches and tables near the counter and eat the food. When the children go back to their classrooms, the workers clean the canteen. The water runs into the drain beside the canteen. They collect all the rubbish and put it into the dustbins behind the canteen.



6 Groupwork. Work in pairs.

Here is a picture of another school canteen. One person can ask the question and another person can describe it.



WRITING

Describing a place

When we describe a place we often tell people what there is in the place. We use 'There is...' and 'There are...'. On pages 165 and 166, you read that in a library:

There is a counter
and There are tables and chairs for the pupils.

We use 'There is...' when we describe only one thing and 'There are...' when we are describing more than one thing.

Look at this map of Penang and complete the description of the island. Use

There is or There are.

There are many things to see and do in Penang. **1.** three Chinese temples. **2.** a snake temple in the south. **3.** the Kek Lok Si Temple in the centre and **4.** the Tua Pek Kong Temple in the north. **5.** a Botanical Garden to the north of the island. **6.** many monkeys in this Botanical Garden. For sports lovers, **7.** different kinds of sports. **8.** a swimming club in the north and **9.** a few hills to climb. **10.** also sailing along the coast, especially in the north. For those who like country scenes, **11.** some padi fields in the middle and west of the island. **12.** also some rubber estates.

Transport is easy. **13.** a ferry service from the mainland to the island. There is also a bridge. **14.** is an airport in the south. **15.** roads all over the island. **16.** is even a hill railway.



PENDIX 8 f

Writing task

Look at the room you are in. Write down in note form as many things about it as you can.

Usually when we describe a place, we try to describe it clearly. We try to help people who haven't seen it to 'see' it in their mind. Here are some questions a person may ask. See how many of these questions your description in Exercise 2 answers:

Size: How big is it?

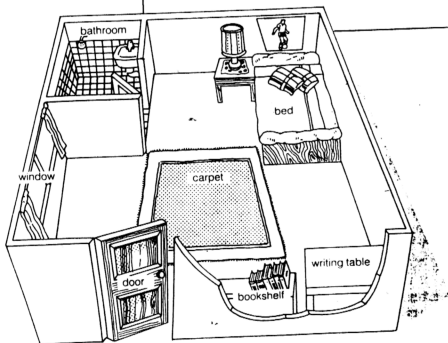
Shape: What shape is it (rectangular, square, L-shaped, T-shaped, etc.)

What it has: How many windows and doors does it have? What furniture does it have? Where are all these things?

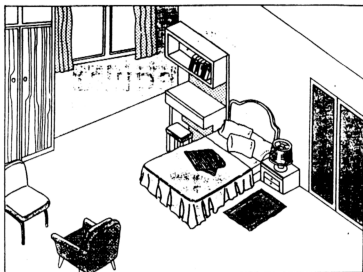
What it looks like: Is it nice? Is it untidy? Is it neat? etc. What colour are the walls, curtains? etc.

Here is Harun's room and a description of it.

Harun has a large and beautiful room. It is a rectangular room. It has a door and one long window. Harun's bed is in the corner of the room away from the door. There is a picture of a footballer above Harun's bed. Beside his bed there is a table with a lamp on it. There is a writing table in the corner opposite Harun's bed. There are some bookshelves next to the table. There is a bathroom in the corner near Harun's bed. There is a large carpet in the middle of the room.



ere is Rashid's room. Use the
escription of Harun's room and
e table below to help you
escribe his room.



| | | | | |
|----|-----------|--|--|--|
| re | is are | a table lamp two chairs a bed a carpet a sofa a door a window another door a bookshelf a writing table a cupboard picture | next to in the corner next to in the corner away from in the corner opposite in the middle of beside in front of opposite on the left of under above on the wall above on the wall next to | the cupboard. the room. the bed. the table. the door. the window. the window and the bathroom. bookshelf. writing table. |
|----|-----------|--|--|--|

EXAMPLES OF STUDENTS' WORK USING THE MODULE

Fill in the blanks with suitable adjectives.

JOHOR

Welcome to Johor Darul Takzim. This southernmost state in Peninsular Malaysia covers an area of 19,984 sq km. It is the second largest state in West Malaysia.

Johor is made up of eight districts - Johor Bahru, Pontian, Batu Pahat, Muar, Mersing, Kota Tinggi, Kluang and Segamat. Each district is special with its own unique fruits and picturesque surroundings. Popular fruits that can be found here are pineapples and coconuts. In Johor you can get the chance to see the traditional kampungs, small fishing villages and thick forests.

An exciting place to visit is the Sultan Abu Bakar Mosque which is atop of a hill with a beautiful and a marvellous view of the Straits of Johor. The mosque is said to be among the finest in the country.

Out-of-town attractions include the cascading Kota Tinggi Waterfalls which is located 56 km north of Johor Bahru. This waterfall is just the place for you if you crave swimming in the scorching heat. Another attraction is Johor Lama - a small, historical village next to the banks of the Johor River.

Tourists can catch the magnificent sunrise, crystal clear, emerald blue sea and miles of sandy beaches in Johor. These beaches can be found in the many small islands situated nearby the state of Johor. One of the best islands that can be found here is Pulau Tengah. It is declared as a marine park due to the unique marine life and rare species of fish and corals. Giant leatherback turtles come ashore this beautiful island to lay eggs annually.

Fill in the blanks with suitable adjectives.

JOHOR

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An exciting place to visit is the Sultan Abu Bakar Mosque which is atop of a hill with a beautiful and a superb view of the Straits of Johor. The mosque is said to be among the finest in the country.

Out-of-town attractions include the fantastic Kota Tinggi waterfalls which is located 56 km north of Johor Bahru. This waterfall is just the place for you if you crave swimming in the scorching heat. Another attraction is Johor Lama - a small, serene village next to the banks of the Johor River.

Tourists can catch the majestic sunrise, crystal-clear, emerald blue sea and miles of sandy beaches in Johor. These beaches can be found in the many small islands situated nearby the state of Johor. One of the best islands that can be found here is Pulau Tengah. It is declared as a marine park due to the endangered marine life and rare species of fish and corals. Giant leatherback turtles come ashore this protective island to lay eggs annually.

mystical

1 in the blanks with suitable adjectives.

JOHOR

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Tourists can catch the beautiful sunrise, crystal-clear, emerald blue sea and miles of sandy beaches in Johor. These beaches can be found in the many small islands situated nearby the state of Johor. One of the best islands that can be found here is Pulau Tengah. It is declared as a marine park due to the fascinating marine life and rare species of fish and corals. Giant leatherback turtles come ashore this small island to lay eggs annually.

TERENGGANU



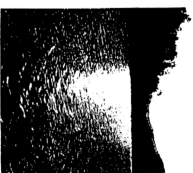
Pulau Perhentian

A trip to the lush and exotic tropical islands is a must for all nature lovers. Surrounded by dense jungle, swaying palm trees, white sandy beaches, sapphire blue sky and colourful coral garden, this island is renowned as one of Malaysia's marine paradise.



stroll down the waterfront of Kuala Terengganu of fishmongers hagglng for the price of fish and other seafood. You can also take a boat ride to one of many beautiful surrounding islands. An increa view of

Kenyir Lake



It is reputed to be one of the largest and most fascinating man-made lake in the world. It's also Malaysia's largest hydroelectric dam, surrounded by a lush tropical jungle, this place



Kuantan
Abang

This is the place that should be on every visitor's itinerary. Here visitors lay in wait quietly from midnight to dawn to watch giant leatherback turtles laying eggs. These giant turtles are indeed a phenomenal sight to behold.



Sekayu Waterfalls

A pleasurable experience of the sound and sight of rushing water makes this place a favorite spot for visitors as well as locals. It is surrounded with ~~the~~ unspoiled country scenery.



Bukit
Puteri

At 200 m high, this historical hill is situated next to Istana Maziah.

It was used as fortress between the year of 1831 and 1876 to defend the state from enemy attack.

A few historical remains can be seen here such as old cannons, a flagpole, an ancient large bell and a fort. As it is the highest point in Kuala Terengganu, visitors standing

TERENGGANU



Pulau Perhentian

A trip to this lush and exotic tropical island is a must for all nature lovers. Surrounded by dense jungle, swaying palm trees, white sandy beaches, sapphire blue sky and a colourful coral garden, this island is renowned as one of Malaysia's marine paradise.

Kenyir Lake



Stroll down the waterfront of Kuala Terengganu of 'fishmongers' haaling for the price of fish and other seafood. You can also take a boat ride to one of the many beautiful surrounding islands. An incredible view of the South China Sea can be seen

It is reputed to be one of the largest man-made lake in the world. It is also Malaysia's largest hydroelectric dam surrounded by a lush tropical jungle, this place is also popular and an ideal retreat for nature lovers





Kantau
Abang

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Bukit
Puteri

At 200 m high, this historical hill is situated next to Istana Maziah. It was used ~~as~~ as a fortress between the year of 1831 and 1876 to defend the state from enemy attack. A few historical remains can be seen here such as old cannons, a flagpole, an ancient large bell and a well. As it is the highest point in Kuala Terengganu, it is a popular spot for visitors.

TERENGGANU



Pulau Perhentian

strawl down the waterfront at Kuala Terengganu of fishmongers bringing for the price of fish and other seafood you can also take a boat ride to one of the many beautiful surrounding islands. An incredible view of the South China Sea can be seen from here
(Selayu waterfall)



Side II down the waterfront of Kuala Terengganu of ~~with~~ mostly fishmongers bringing for the price of fish and other seafood. You can also take a boat ride to one of the many beautiful surrounding islands. An incredible view of the South China Sea can be seen from here.

Kenyir Lake



It is reputed to be one of the largest and most terrifying man-made lake in the world. It is also ~~by~~ Malaysia's largest hydroelectric dam. Surrounded by a lush tropical jungle, this in also popular and is ideal retreat for nature lover



Kantan
Abang

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Sekayu Waterfalls

A trip to lush and exotic tropical island is a must for all nature lovers.

Surrounded by dense jungle swaying palm trees, white sandy beaches, sapphire blue sky and a colourful coral garden, this island is renowned as 1 of Malaysia's marine paradise.

1 Pulau Perhentian



Bukit
Puteri

at 200 m high, the hidden hill is situated not far from the sea. It was used as a resting place between the year 1531 and 1576. It is believed the stone from which it is built was brought here from the old capital, Malacca. An ancient hill and a hill of the highest point in the area. (Ganggang) is a hill in the hill can witness the magnificent view of the coast.

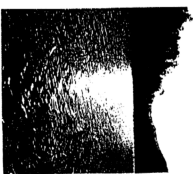
TERENGGANU



Pulau Perhentian

A trip to this lush and exotic tropical island is a must for all nature lovers. Surrounded by dense jungle, swaying palm trees, white sandy beaches, sapphire blue sky and a coral reef garden, this island is renowned as one of Malaysia's marine paradise.

Kenyir Lake



It is reputed to be one of the largest and most fascinating man-made lake in the world.

It is also Malaysia's largest hydroelectric dam. Surrounded by a large tropical jungle, the lake is a popular place to have a picnic.



Stroll down the waterfront of Kuala Terengganu of fishermen's bargaining for the price of fish and other seafood. You can also take a boat ride to one of the many beautiful surrounding islands. An incredible view of the



Rantau
Abang

This is the place that should draw every visitor's attention. Here, visitors may in wait, quietly from midnight to dawn to watch giant leatherback turtles laying eggs. These giant turtles are indeed a phenomenal sight to behold.



Sekayu Waterfalls

A pleasurable experience of the sound and sight of rushing water makes this place a favorite spot for visitors as well as locals. It is surrounded with unspoiled country scenery.



Bukit
Puteri

At 200 m high this historical hill is situated next to island nation. It was used as a ~~fort~~ fort between the year of 1831 and 1876 to defend the state from enemy attack. A few historical remains can be seen here such as old cannons, a flagpole, an ancient tower bell and a fort. As it is the highest point in Kuala Terengganu, visitors standing on top of the hill can witness the

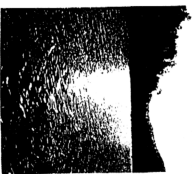
TERENGGANU



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Kenyir Lake



It is reported to be one of the largest and most fascinating man-made lake in the world. It is also Malaysia's largest hydroelectric dam. Surrounded by a lush tropical jungle, this place is also popular and an ideal retreat for nature lovers.



Shell down the water-front of Kuala Terengganu of fishermen's bogging for the price of fish and other seafood. You can also take a boat ride to one of the many beautiful surrounding islands. An incredible view of the earth from here. Sea can be seen from here.



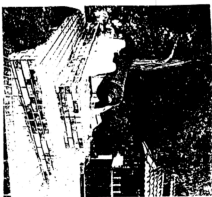
Antau
Abang

This is the place that should be on every visitor's itinerary. Here, visitors lay in wait quietly from midnigh to dawn to watch goat leather back bottles laying eggs. These goat bottles are indeed a phenomenal sight to behold.



Sekayu Waterfalls

A pleasurable experience of the sound and sight of rushing water makes this place a favorite spot for visitors as well as locals. It is surrounded with unspoiled country scenery.



Bukit
Puteri

At 200m high, this historical hill is situated next to Istana Maziah. It was used as a fortress between the year of 1831 and 1876 to defend the state from enemy attack. A few historical remains can be seen here such as an old cannon, a flagpole and ancient large bell and a fort. As it is the highest point in Kuala Terengganu, visitors standing on top of the hill can witness the magnificent view of the areas surrounding it.

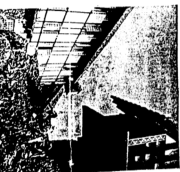


PULAU TIOMAN

with a site of 38 km long and 10 km at its greatest width, this island is the largest of a group of volcanic islands. It is also a magnificent island in the sun, with crystal clear water for swimming.

PAULANG

The cool climate here makes an excellent place to plant a rubber tree. The places of interest here are the Robinson Waterfall, The Rose Garden, the museum and the vegetable farm. The small town of Paulang is the starting point to this retreat with



CAMERON HIGHLANDS



A tour of the town is not complete without a visit here which houses a rich collection of historical items. Tourists as well as locals can also find

situated only 47km from Kuantan, its unique feature is the warm hospitality of the village folks. Here, a small part of the beach is administered by the world's famous club, Club Med. The rest of the area are excellent beaches. Offering soft, white sand and clear, blue water.



Cherating

GENTING HIGHLANDS



This spot is one of the most developed hill resort in Malaysia. It is favoured by local and foreign visitors. It offers cool mountain weather and lush greenery. An ideal escape from the heat, hustle and bustle of

This delightful beach is the site of world class hotels. Only 5 km from the town of Kuantan, it is an excellent beach for water sports activities. A short jungle trek through the Teluk Chemped Forest Reserve leads to the idyllic Pelindung Beach.



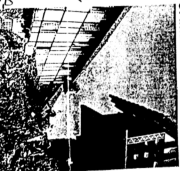


PULAU TIOMAN

With a girth of 38km long and 19km at its greatest width, this island is the largest of a group of volcanic islands. It is also a magnificent island in the sun with crystal-clear water for swimming.

PATLANG

CAMERON HIGHLANDS



A tour of the town is not complete without a visit here which houses a rich collection of historical items. Tourist can also find out about the old history of pahang here.

Situated only 47 km from Kuantan, its unique feature is the warm hospitality of the village folks. Here, a small part of the beach is administered by the world's famous club, Club Med. The rest of the area are excellent beaches offering soft, white sand and clear blue water.



Cherating

This delightful beach is the site of world class hotels. Only 5 km from the town of Kuantan, it is an excellent beach for water sports activities. A short jungle trek through the Teluk Campedak Forest Reserve leads to the idyllic Pellindung Beach.

GENTING HIGHLANDS



The spot is one of the most developed hill resorts in Malaya. It is favoured by local and foreign visitors. It offers cool mountain weather and lush greenery. An ideal escape from the heat, hustle and bustle of the city. Adventures



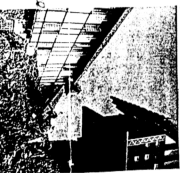


PULAU TIOMAN

With a size of 38km long and 19 km at its greatest width, this island is the largest of a group 64 volcanic islands. It is also a magnificent island in the sun, with crystal-clear water for swimming.

PATLANG

CAMERON HIGHLANDS



A tour of the town is not complete without a visit here which houses a rich collection of historical monuments as well as local crafts. Tourists and even the old history of Pahang here.

Situated only 47 km from downtown, its unique feature is the warm hospitality of the village folks. Here, a small part of the beach is administered by the world's famous club, Club Med - the rest of the area once excellent beaches offering soft, white sand and clear, blue water.



Cherating

The delightful beach is the site of world class hotels. Only 5 km from the town of Kemaman, it is an excellent beach for water sports activities. A short jungle trek through the dense rhizophora forest brings you to the rugged, rocky beach.

GENTING HIGHLANDS



This spot is one of the most developed hill resorts in Malaysia. It is favoured by local and foreign visitors. It offers cool mountain weather and lush greenery. An ideal escape from the heat, noise and bustle of the city. Adventures visitors can seek to the summit above



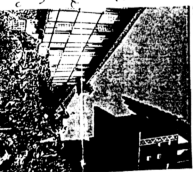


PULAU TIOMAN

With a site of 38km long and 19km at its greatest width this island is the largest of a group of volcanic islands. It is also a magnificent island in the sun with crystal-clear water for swimming

PATLANG

CAMERON HIGHLANDS



A tour of the town is not complete without a visit here which houses a rich collection of historical items. Tourists as well as locals can also find out about the old history of Pahang here.

Kuantan, its unique feature is the warm hospitality of the village folks. Here, a small part of the beach is administered by the worlds famous club, Club Med. The rest of the area are the excellent beaches offering soft, white sand and clear, blue water.



Cherating

of world class hotels. Only 5 km from the town of Kuantan, it is an excellent beach for water sports activities. A short jungle trek through the Teluk Cempedot Forests Reserve leads to the idyllic Relinbung Beach.

GENTING HIGHLANDS



This spot one of the most developed hill resorts in Malaya. It is favoured by local and foreign visitors. It offers cool mountain weather and lush greenery. An ideal escape from the heat, hustle and bustle of the city.



This island is the largest of a group of volcanic islands. It is also a magnificent island in the sun, with crystal-clear water for swimming.



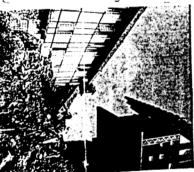
PULAU TIOMAN

PAULANG

The cool climate here makes an excellent tea plantation area. The places of interest here are the

Robinson water fall, the Rose Garden house and the vegetable farms. The small town of Tapa is the starting line to this

CAMERON HIGHLANDS



A tour of the town is not complete without a visit here which houses a rich collection of historical items. Tourist as well as locals can also find out about the old history of Paulang here

situated only 45km from London, its unique feature is the warm hospitality of the villana folk. Here, a small part of the beach is administered by the world famous club, Club Med. The rest of the area are excellent beaches. Offering soft white sand and clear blue waves.



Cherating

ins delightful beach is the site of world class hotels. Only 5 km from the town of Kuantan, it is an excellent beach for water sports and activities. A short jungle trek through the Teluk Cherapok Forest Reserve leads to the idyllic Pulauong Beach.

GENTING HIGHLANDS



This spot is one of the most developed hill resorts in Malaysia. It is favoured by local and foreign visitors. It offers cool mountain weather and lush greenery. An ideal escape from the heat, hustle and bustle of the city. Adventureous visitors can go to





This is the place to go if you want to relax your mind. The white sandy beaches and cool breeze can be very soothing after a tiring experience. The clean surroundings gives you an aura of peacefulness. The deep blue sea is home to many water species and is very suitable for water activities.

Malaysia's first hill station, Bukit Bendera, 110 meters above sea level and one can ascend top by hiking up or by the funicular railway has been operational since 1922. There are beautiful bungalows and a hotel for those want to stay more than a day.



Shirah • Sharon Tan • Aev Cheah • Chong Wan Ken • Ashraf Rosmin • 11

Penang

Pearl of the orient

If you don't know Penang, you are very 'ulu' (backward)



The ancient Fort Cornwallis
 is truly a magnificent structure.
 It houses the famous dutch
 cannon presented to the sultan
 of Johor. Originally built by
 wood, it is now replaced by
 a concrete structure.

PENANG



Penang...
 The pearl of the Orient

Alicia
 Toshina
 Geetha
 Nasheen
 Syahira
 E. Alwinda



Unique Fort Cornwallis is a
 a building that is
 near a sandy bay.
 an old fort to defend
 British from naval attack.
 they built by British
 under the command of
 Francis Light about two
 hundred years ago. It is an
 ideal place for tourists to
 see the ancient cannon was
 here to show the fine
 craftsmanship of British



The picturesque Clock Tower
 is a highly built
 sky-scraper. The brilliant
 building of stones and
 marbles shows ancient
 workers' fine craftsmanship.
 It has a beautiful, huge
 clock ^{situated at} ~~hanging on~~ the top
 of the tower. Tourists can
 also enter this unique tower,
 but they are strictly
 forbidden to touch or
 pull any screws or nuts in.
 If they do not know the
 time, they can simply glance
 at their ~~clock~~ watches: from
 anywhere!



FORT CORNWALLIS

Fort Cornwallis is one of the old, historical place in Penang. It is built by the British. It is situated near the beach and about 1 kilometre from the jetty. The surrounding areas to the fort have been converted into a public park and a playground.



CLOCK TOWER

The Clock Tower is located near the Fort Cornwallis. It is 60 feet high. It is a very unique building because of the big clock which is in the tower.



PENANG MUSEUM

The Penang Museum is a historical place where the tourists can learn about the history of Penang. The statue in the picture is the statue of Francis Light. The museum displays the fine collection of old photograph, charts, maps and other historical relics.

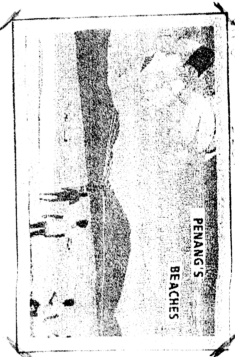




The Butterfly Farm is located at Teluk Bahang. It is a home for living specimens of colourful butterflies, scorpions, frogs and other insects. It features a lot of beautiful butterflies. There are also facilities for the visitors such as a information center, souvenir shop and many more.

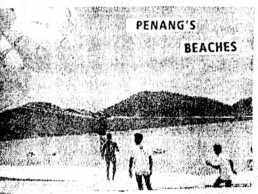


Bukit Bendera is one of the most popular places in Penang. It is located at Jalan Air Terjun. Tourists can feel cool-mountain temperature when they arrive at the top of the hill. Apart from the cool, refreshing climate and the fantastic view the summit, visitors can also view the beautiful garden. It takes about 30 minutes to reach the summit by train.



Penang is also known as "Pearl of the Orient". It is a perfect holiday destination with sandy beaches. The most famous beaches here are Batu Ferringhi and Tanjung Bungah. The hotels near the beach serve facilities for sea sports such as scuba-diving and windsurfing. Visitors also can enjoy water skiing, canoeing, sailing and many more.





Penang is famous for its beautiful beaches. The soft white sand and the crystal-clear, turquoise water managed to attract many tourists to come here. Water sports activities are available such as surfing, jet skiing, canoeing and fishing for tourists to enjoy. They can also see a beautiful sunset.



Butterfly farm is a specialty in the Pearl of the Orient. The visitors can see the colourful butterflies. The butterflies are tame and there are many beautiful butterflies here. Besides, visitors can also enjoy fragrant flowers that are specially made for them.



Bukit Bendera is another famous place for tourists to visit. They can either go trekking or go there by train. If visitors decide to go trekking, it takes longer than the train. They can enjoy the scenery of natural evergreen forests and fresh mountain air.



The historical Penang Museum is one of the most popular places in Penang. Tourists can find ancient things that were found in Penang. Tourists can gain a lot of knowledge and learn about the history of Penang. There is also a statue of the famous Francis Light. This British governor tried to rule Penang a long time ago. It is a very interesting place for tourists to visit. It is free to enter the Penang Museum.

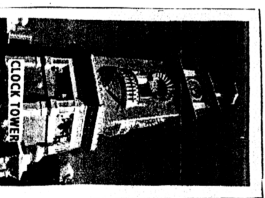
Penang is famous for its crystal-clear emerald blue waters and white sandy beaches. The facilities include other sports such as jet-ski, parachute and banana boats.



All nature-lovers should not miss the opportunity to visit the butterfly farm. It is the home to various species of butterflies. The colourful butterflies are beautiful to look at.



The aerial view from the top of Bukit Bendera is picturesque. It's famous for its cable-car rides and its cool soothing weather. There is also a good walking track for tourist who want to walk up the hill.



Penang to Penang in 1847 to commemorate the Diamond Jubilee of Queen Victoria but a local museum at George Town can still see the clock tower and the clock.



This historical site should be on all tourist maps. The museum holds a fine collection of photographs, maps, charts and paintings that date back to the 18th century. In the grounds in front of the building, lies a statue of Captain Francis Light. On the first floor there is an art gallery that displays the works of local artists.



Towering 60 feet high, the clock tower lies in the heart of Penang, Malaysia. The clock tower is famous for its magnificent and precise architecture and was presented by a local millionaire in 1847 to commemorate the beautiful Diamond Jubilee of Queen Victoria.

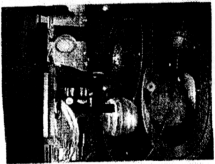
Butterfly Farm is located in Teluk Bahang and is home to 3,000 living specimens of over 50 species of butterflies, frogs and scorpions. It features a pond, an artificial waterfall, a beautiful rock tunnel and a bubbling mud pool. This farm is worth a visit.



Built in 1821, this museum houses many collections of priceless antiques such as Malay Daggers (Keris) and Chinese furnitures. There are also many historical accounts about Penang. At the front of the museum is a magnificent statue of Francis Light, the founder of Penang.

This historical site was built in 1786. It was originally a wooden stockade and was replaced by a concrete structure in 1941. It houses the famous Dutch flag presented to the Sultan of Brunei by the Dutch and which finally found its way to Penang after being captured by the Portuguese.





THE
NATIONAL PLANETARIUM

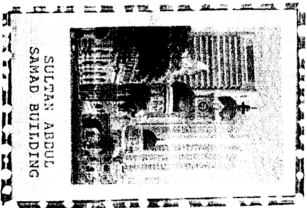
The National Planetarium is an interactive centre that tells the story of science and technology in a fun way. The planetarium

architecture has a very modern green hemisfero glass dome which looks crystal like is a roof to the building. Situated around the planetarium is a park with a lake which



PETALING STREET

The crowded Aloraya Street is a great spot for shoppers who want to buy things at a low price. However, most of the shops have are imilation. It is also a bustling night market.



Kuala

Lumpur

R Ariga
Aliaa
Tiaiana
Geetha



THE
NATIONAL PLANETARIUM

Kuala



City of lights

Shoppers

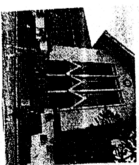
Parade

3

Star of

Malaysia

The first place you will come to in Malaysia is our exciting Kuala Lumpur. This is where the Kuala Lumpur International Air port is the largest and most modern airport in South East Asia. Kuala Lumpur is Malaysia's capital and is situated in the heart of the State of Selangor. Some of the places of interest you may want to visit is:



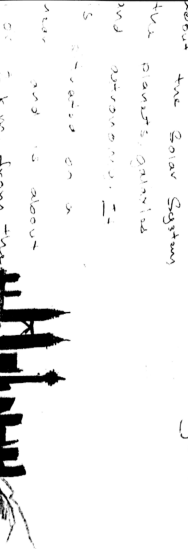
THE
NATIONAL MUSEUM

The National Museum houses a rich collection of historical items and showcases many features of Malaysia. A visit to the Museum is not to be missed.



CENTRAL
MARKET

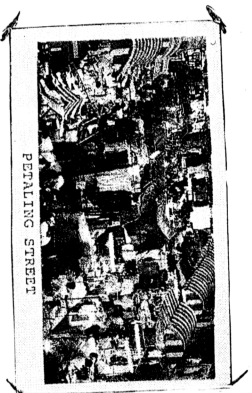
Central Market houses an array of stalls. This indoor market brings to its visitors a variety of crafts. Silverware, jewelry, handicrafts, woodwork, toys, kengkas, goldware, wares, traditional kites and many other souvenirs of Malaysia. Many artists do their work





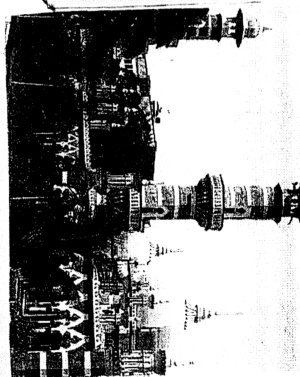
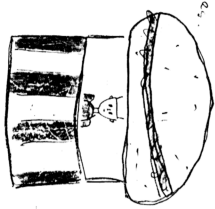
CENTRAL
MARKET

Central Market is a popular place where tourists and local people like to shop. Malaysian handicrafts such as batik and songket, can be found here. The Central Market is also an old building as it has been here for over 50 years.



PETALING STREET

Petaling Street is a famous place where locals like to shop. It is located in Kuala Lumpur. The stalls here sell all kinds of things such as food, clothes and watches.



MASJID JAMEK

The picture above is the picture of Masjid Jamek. It is one of the old buildings that can be found in Kuala Lumpur. This is a place where Muslims go to pray.





PETALING STREET

Only a stone throw away from Central Market is Petaling Street, the oldest area in K.L. The Chinese call

it "Chee Chung Kai". It is the Chinatown

of Kuala Lumpur. Streets and streets of stalls selling, clothes, foods, fruits, watches, bags, watches and a sort of things can be found here. Petaling Street is very colourful, especially at night. A note to visitors. Most of the products here are imitations. The quality of them is not guaranteed. Bargaining here, is very common, so you can always get a low price.

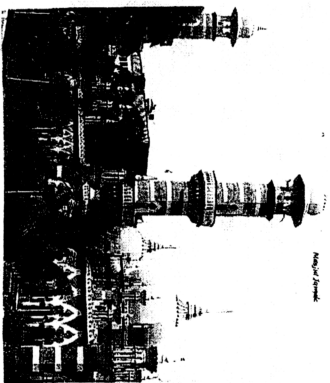
Here places you can visit are:

The Kuala Lumpur City Centre, Lake Tower, The KL Tower, The National Zoo, Sunway, The National Mosque, National Art



SULTAN ABDUL SAMAD BUILDING

The Sultan Abdul Samad Building is a colonial building with enchanting architecture. It has a clock tower and brass domes. It is now used as a high court.



Masjid Jamek

MASJID JAMEK

Masjid Jamek is a Muslim mosque with beautiful architecture. It contains three main levels. One for men, one for



CENTRAL
MARKET

when it was first built, the Central Market was just an ordinary market selling fish, meat and many more. Now, it was a successful Art Market. Tourists can buy beautiful souvenirs and it is very cheap. The interior is decorated with exhilarating things. There is also an LRT station beside it.

National Planetarium is a scientific, dome-shaped building. Inside, it is filled with scientific facts and also beautifully made replicas. We can try use the complex tools, increase our knowledge in science and many more. The fee to enter is very cheap, about RM3 to RM5 a person.



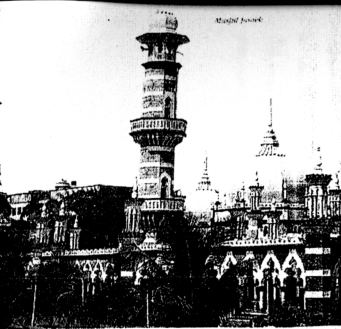
THE
NATIONAL PLANETARIUM



THE
NATIONAL MUSEUM

The historical National Museum is another fantastic place to visit. It stores many ancient history in Malaysia. There are mummies, ancient tools and clothing and many more. Its roof was Minangkabau designed. Tourists can visit it for free.

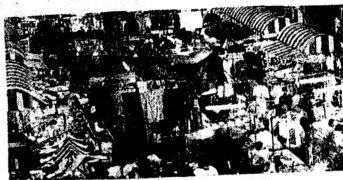
Asma
Dewi
Amirul
Wang



MASJID JAMEK

busy Petaling Street is always
 vaded by people. It is some
 of market selling various tit-bits,
 colourful
 KS, clothes and many more.
 increases the economic state
 Malaysia. Foreigners can
 beautiful
 Malaysian made things.
 y can also bargain the
 ce to the lowest price possible.

The majestic Masjid Jamek is
 one of the most oldest mosque
 in the world. It stands
 beautifully in the centre of
 Kuala Lumpur. Its dome is
 brilliantly decorated with
 ancient Islamic ^{picturesque} architecture.
 The minarets were built in
 fine craftsmanship.
 The mosque is used by Muslim
 to perform prayers to God.



PETALING STREET



SULTAN ABDUL
 SAMAD BUILDING

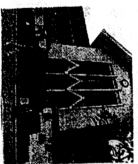
The Sultan Abdul Samad Building is
 a historical building. It is a glorious
 building when it is seen at night.
 It also has a large, beautifully
 decorated clock tower. The architecture
 was very exotic with Moorish
 craftsmanship. It stands majestically
 in front of Dataran Merdeka.

Watch out for Kuala Lumpur's Colonial landmarks such as The Sultan Abdul Samud Building. In front of this historical site, which was used as an Administration office of the British and is now used as a high court, is the Dataran Merdeka where this country proclaimed its independence.



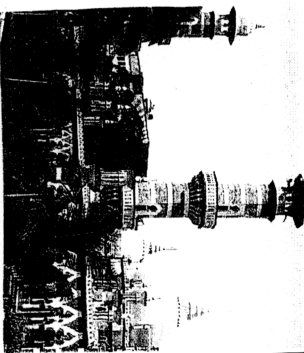
Almost everything is sold at Central Market ranging from delicious food to antique furniture and artistic paintings. An experience for foreigners. You can get some Malaysian souvenirs from here too.

The national museum is located near the city centre. It has art facts, tells



THE NATIONAL MUSEUM

about Malaysia's history, culture, civilization, beliefs, national costumes and much more. When visiting this museum you can also



MASJID JAMEK

This mosque is the oldest and is the oldest mosque in the city. One should not miss the opportunity to visit this majestic mosque. It is a place of worship for Muslim's. Masjid Jamek is one of the biggest mosques and is located near the Sultan Abdul Samud Building.