WHEEL OF FORTUNE

Lose a turn

1000

Bankrupt

20

50

Double the points

60

200

100

500

10

70

80

90
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PAHANG</th>
<th>TERENGGANU</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Situated only 47 km from Kuantan, its unique feature is the warm hospitality of the village folks. Here, a small part of the beach is administered by the world’s famous club, Club Med. The rest of the area are excellent beaches offering soft, white sand and clear, blue water.</td>
<td>It is reputed to be one of the largest and most fascinating man-made lake in the world. It is also Malaysia’s largest hydroelectric dam. Surrounded by a lush tropical jungle, this place is also popular and an ideal retreat for nature lovers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This spot is one of the most developed hill resorts in Malaysia. It is favoured by local and foreign visitors. It offers cool mountain weather and lush greenery. An ideal escape from the heat, hustle and bustle of the city. Adventurous visitors can soar to the summit above the clouds on cable cars.</td>
<td>This is the place that should be on every visitor’s itinerary. Here, visitors lay in wait quietly from midnight to dawn to watch giant leatherback turtles laying eggs. These giant turtles are indeed a phenomenal sight to behold.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The cool climate here makes an excellent tea plantation area. The places of interest here are the Robinson waterfall, the Rose Garden nurseries and the vegetable farms. The small town of Tapah is the starting line to this retreat which can be reached by bus, taxi or train from Kuala Lumpur.</td>
<td>Stroll down the waterfront of Kuala Terengganu of fishmongers haggling for the price of fish and other seafood. You can also take a boat ride to one of the many beautiful surrounding islands. An incredible view of the South China Sea can be seen from here.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This delightful beach is the site of world class hotels. Only 5 km from the town of Kuantan, it is an excellent beach for water sports activities. A short jungle trek through the Teluk Chempedak Forest Reserve leads to the idyllic Pelindung Beach.</td>
<td>At 200 m high, this historical hill is situated next to Istana Maziah. It was used as a fortress between the year of 1831 and 1876 to defend the state from enemy attack. A few historical remains can be seen here such as old cannons, a flagpole, an ancient large bell and a fort. As it is the highest point in Kuala Terengganu, visitors standing on top of the hill can witness the magnificent view of the areas surrounding it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A tour of the town is not complete without a visit here which houses a rich collection of historical items. Tourists as well as locals can also find out about the old history of Pahang here.</td>
<td>A trip to this lush and exotic tropical island is a must for all nature lovers. Surrounded by dense jungle, swaying palm trees, white sandy beaches, sapphire blue sky and a colourful coral garden, this island is renowned as one of Malaysia’s marine paradise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With a site of 38 km long and 19 km at its greatest width, this island is the largest of a group 64 volcanic islands. It is also a magnificent island in the sun, with crystal-clear water for swimming.</td>
<td>A pleasurable experience of the sound and sight of rushing water makes this place a favourite spot for visitors as well as locals. It is surrounded with unspoiled country scenery.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX 5

JOHOR

Welcome to Johor Darul Takzim. This southernmost state in Peninsular Malaysia covers an area of 19,984 sq km. It is the second largest state in West Malaysia.

Johor is made up of eight districts – Johor Bahru, Pontian, Batu Pahat, Muar, Mersing, Kota Tinggi, Kluang and Segamat. Each district is special with its own unique fruits and ____________ surroundings. Popular fruits that can be found here are pineapples and coconuts. In Johor you can get the chance to see the ____________ kampungs, ____________ fishing villages and ____________ jungles.

An ____________ place to visit is the Sultan Abu Bakar Mosque which is atop of a hill with a beautiful and a ____________ view of the Straits of Tebrau. The ____________ mosque is said to be among the finest in the country.

Out-of-town attractions include the ____________ Kota Tinggi Waterfalls which is located 56 km north of Johor Bahru. This waterfall is just the place for you if you crave swimming in the ____________ heat. Another attraction is Johor Lama – a small, ____________ village next to the banks of the Johor River.

Tourists can catch the ____________ sunrise, ____________ emerald blue sea and miles of ____________ beaches in Johor. These beaches can be found in the many small islands situated nearby the state of Johor. One of the best islands that can be found here is Pulau Tengah. It is declared as a marine park due to the ____________ marine life and rare species of fish and corals. Giant leatherback turtles come ashore this ____________ island to lay eggs annually.
APPENDIX 7

PENANG MUSEUM

FORT CORNWALLIS

BUTTERFLY FARM

PENANG'S BEACHES

CLOCK TOWER

BUKIT BENDERA
While you read the passage, answer the questions in the margin as you come to them.

When the boat reached Kampung Bunu, Kanang was waiting. He had heard the sound of the boat engine. Kanang's father was the *Tuai Rumah* the head of the longhouse. So as Kanang's guest, I was an important visitor. A young lady gave me a drink of *tuak* or rice wine before I entered the longhouse. The front of the building was a long, open balcony facing the river. It stretched from one end of the longhouse to the other. A tall middle-aged man welcomed me here. He was the *Tuai Rumah*. Kanang told me to follow him.

From the balcony we went to the *ruai* or community hall. It was right at the centre of the longhouse. Kampung Bunu was indeed a long house. Longhouses are measured by the number of doors along the balcony. This one had thirty-one doors. Each door opened into a family room. The rooms were next to each other on both sides of the *ruai*. Thirty families lived here. We walked down the balcony and the *Tuai Rumah* introduced me to everyone we met.

We then went back to the *ruai*. Kanang excused himself. He wanted to see the cooking in the kitchen behind the longhouse. I asked to go with him but Kanang said visitors could not go there.

1. How did Kanang know that the boat had come?
2. *Tuai Rumah* means ___
3. *It* is ___
4. Where were the family rooms?
5. Where was the kitchen?
That evening there was an *Insara*, a reading of Iban poetry. Some men and women performed the *Ngajat* dance. I joined in and quickly learned the dance. I did not get to sleep till past midnight.

Choose the sentences in colour to answer the questions. You need not use all the sentences.

He was a visitor.  
They led into the family rooms  
It stretched from one end of the longhouse to the other.  
Kanang was the *Tuai Rumah*’s son.

There were thirty-one doors.  
He had a drink of *tuak*.  
He was the guest of the *Tuai Rumah*’s son.  
A tall middle-aged man welcomed him.  
Kanang wanted to go to the kitchen.

Why was the writer ‘an important visitor’?  
What did he do before he entered the longhouse?  
What did he say about the open balcony?  
What did the doors open into?  
Why was the writer not allowed to go to the kitchen?

Choose the best answer.

Which part of the longhouse did the writer first step upon?  
A The community hall  
B The family rooms  
C The open balcony

The writer said that Kampung Bunu was ‘indeed a longhouse’ because  
A it had thirty families  
B it had a long balcony  
C it had thirty-one doors

3 The *ruai* is used for  
A families to sleep in  
B activities for everyone  
C guests to rest in

4 The family rooms were situated  
A on one side of the *ruai*  
B between the balcony and the kitchen  
C along the front of the building

5 The kitchen of the longhouse was  
A next to the *ruai*  
B just behind the balcony  
C at the back of the building

Complete the descriptions with the sentence halves in the box.

the place for cooking food behind the rooms  
a long open space at the front of the longhouse  
the hall where people meet for activities  
rooms side by side for different families

The *ruai* is  
The balcony is  
The family rooms are  
The kitchen is

**Reading skills: Making inferences about information not directly stated**—attitudes

In the last unit, we made some guesses about the kind of person the writer is based on the other details in the passage. In this unit we shall make a guess at the writer’s feelings about what he describes. We can make a guess even though the writer does not mention these feelings directly.
1 Read Paragraph 2 carefully. Pick out **one** sentence that can help you to answer this question:
   Do you think the writer liked to visit the longhouse?

2 Read Paragraph 4 carefully. Pick out **one** sentence that will help you to answer this question:
   Do you think the writer found the longhouse interesting?

3 Read Paragraph 6 carefully. Pick out **two** sentences that will help you to answer the same question as in 2.

**LANGUAGE IN USE**

**Describing buildings**

Look at the reading passage. The writer describes the longhouse. It has:

- a balcony
- a community hall
- a kitchen
- thirty-one rooms

You can describe buildings in your school. Do you remember the new boy in Unit 7? He asked Khalid a lot of questions. He asked questions about the library and the canteen.

**Talking about the school library**

When you ask about a building such as a library you can ask:

*What does the library look like?*

1 Read Khalid's description.

It has a green door and several windows. Inside, it has many shelves along the walls. The shelves are full of books. There is a counter and a magazine rack near the door. The librarian works behind the counter. You go to the librarian when you want to borrow a book. There are tables and chairs for pupils who want to study there. There is an air-conditioner at the far end of the room.
2 Groupwork. Work in pairs. Here is a picture of another school library. One person asks questions about it and another person describes it.

3 Write your description of this school library.

Must and must not

4 In Unit 9 you looked at school rules. Here are some rules for the library. Put them under must or must not.

Example You must keep the library clean and neat.

Example You must not make any noise.

- keep the library clean and neat
- make any noise
- write on the pages of the books
- put back the magazines after reading them
- tear any pages from the books
- be quiet at all times
- use your library cards to borrow books
- steal any books

Talking about the school canteen

You can use the same type of question to ask about the canteen.

What does the canteen look like?

5 Read Khalid’s description.

The school has a large canteen. Many children go there to buy food. They have to line up. The canteen workers stand behind the counter and sell rojak, nasi lemak, cakes and drinks. After buying their food, children go to the long benches and tables near the counter and eat the food. When the children go back to their classrooms, the workers clean the canteen. The water runs into the drain beside the canteen. They collect all the rubbish and put it into the dustbins behind the canteen.
Here is a picture of another school canteen. One person can ask the
question and another person can describe it.

WRITING

Describing a place

When we describe a place we often tell people what there is in the place. We use
There is... and There are... On pages 165 and 166, you read that in a library:

There is a counter...
and There are tables and chairs for the pupils.

We use There is... when we describe only one thing and There are... when
we are describing more than one thing.

Look at this map of Penang and
complete the description of the island.
Use

There is or There are

There are many things to see
and do in Penang. 1 three Chinese
temples. 2 a snake temple in the
south 3 the Kek Lok Si Temple in
the centre and 4 the Tua Pek Kong
Temple in the north. 5 a Botanical
Garden to the north of the island. 6
many monkeys in this Botanical
Garden. For sports lovers, 7
different kinds of sports. 8 a
swimming club in the north and 9 a
few hills to climb. 10 also sailing
along the coast, especially in the
north. For those who like country
scenes, 11 some padi fields in the
middle and west of the island. 12 also some rubber estates.
Transport is easy 13 a ferry service from the mainland to the island. There is also a bridge.
14 is an airport in the south. 15 roads all over the island. 16 is even a hill railway.
Writing task

Look at the room you are in. Write down in note form as many things about it as you can.

Usually when we describe a place, we try to describe it clearly. We try to help people who haven't seen it to 'see' it in their mind. Here are some questions a person may ask. See how many of these questions your description in Exercise 2 answers:

Size: How big is it?
Shape: What shape is it (rectangular, square, L-shaped, T-shaped, etc.)
What it has: How many windows and doors does it have? What furniture does it have? Where are all these things?
What it looks like: Is it nice? Is it untidy? Is it neat? etc. What colour are the walls, curtains? etc.

Here is Harun's room and a description of it.

Harun has a large and beautiful room. It is a rectangular room. It has a door and one long window. Harun's bed is in the corner of the room away from the door. There is a picture of a footballer above Harun's bed. Beside his bed there is a table with a lamp on it. There is a writing table in the corner opposite Harun's bed. There are some bookshelves next to the table. There is a bathroom in the corner near Harun's bed. There is a large carpet in the middle of the room.
Here is Rashid's room. Use the description of Harun's room and the table below to help you describe his room.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>is</th>
<th>are</th>
<th>a table lamp</th>
<th>two chairs</th>
<th>a bed</th>
<th>a carpet</th>
<th>a sofa</th>
<th>a door</th>
<th>a window</th>
<th>another door</th>
<th>a bookshelf</th>
<th>a writing table</th>
<th>a cupboard</th>
<th>picture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>next to</td>
<td>in the corner next to</td>
<td>in the corner away from</td>
<td>in the corner opposite</td>
<td>in the middle of</td>
<td>beside</td>
<td>in front of</td>
<td>opposite</td>
<td>on the left of</td>
<td>under</td>
<td>above</td>
<td>on the wall above</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EXAMPLES OF STUDENTS’ WORK USING THE MODULE
ill in the blanks with suitable adjectives.

JOHOR

Welcome to Johor Darul Takzim. This southernmost state in insular Malaysia covers an area of 19,984 sq km. It is the second largest state in West Malaysia.

Johor is made up of eight districts - Johor Bahru, Pontian, Batu Pahat, Muar, Mersing, Kota Tinggi, Kluang and Segamat. Each district is special with its own unique fruits and Surroundings. Popular fruits that can be found here are pineapples and coconuts. In Johor you can get the chance to see the traditional kamponds, small fishing villages and thick forests.

An exciting place to visit is the Sultan Abu Bakar Mosque which is atop of a hill with a beautiful and a marvelous view of the Straits of Johor. The mosque is said to be among the finest in the country.

Out-of-town attractions include the cascading Kota Tinggi Waterfalls which is located 56 km north of Johor Bahru. This waterfall is just the place for you if you crave swimming in the scorching heat. Another attraction is Johor Lama - a small, historical village next to the banks of the Johor River.

Tourists can catch the magnificent sunrise, crystal clear, emerald blue sea and miles of sandy beaches in Johor. These beaches can be found in the many small islands situated nearby the state of Johor. One of the best islands that can be found here is Pulau Tengah. It is declared as a marine park due to the unique marine life and rare species of fish and corals. Giant leatherback turtles come ashore this beautiful island to lay eggs annually.
Fill in the blanks with suitable adjectives.

JOHOR

Welcome to Johor Darul Takzim. This southernmost state in peninsular Malaysia covers an area of 19,984 sq km. It is the second largest state in West Malaysia.

Johor is made up of eight districts - Johor Bahru, Pontian, Batu Pahat, Muar, Mersing, Kota Tinggi, Kluang and Segamat. Each district is special with its own unique fruits and surroundings. Popular fruits that can be found here are pineapples and coconuts. In Johor you can get the chance to see the peaceful villages, floating fishing villages and evergreen forests.

An exciting place to visit is the Sultan Abu Bakar Mosque which is atop of a hill with a beautiful and a superb view of the Straits of Johor. The mosque is said to be among the finest in the country.

Out-of-town attractions include the fantastic Kota Tinggi waterfalls which is located 56 km north of Johor Bahru. This waterfall is just the place for you if you crave swimming in the cool water. Another attraction is Johor Lama - a small, serene village next to the banks of the Johor River.

Tourists can catch the majestic sunrise, crystal-clear, emerald blue sea and miles of sandy beaches in Johor. These beaches can be found in the many small islands situated nearby the state of Johor. One of the best islands that can be found here is Pulau Tengah. It is declared as a marine park due to the endangered marine life and rare species of fish and corals. Giant leatherback turtles come ashore this island to lay eggs annually.
Johor

Welcome to Johor Darul Takzim. This southernmost state in insular Malaysia covers an area of 19,984 sq km. It is the second largest state in West Malaysia.

Johor is made up of eight districts – Johor Bahru, Pontian, Ulu Pahat, Muar, Mersing, Kota Tinggi, Kluang and Segamat. Each district is special with its own unique fruits and exotic surroundings. Popular fruits that can be found here are pineapples, coconuts. In Johor you can get the chance to see the exhilarating pangs, floating fishing villages and tropical forests.

An interesting place to visit is the Sultan Abu Bakar Mosque which is atop of a hill with a beautiful and a spectacular view of the Straits of Johor. The mosque is said to be among the best in the country.

Out-of-town attractions include the cascading Kota Tinggi waterfall which is located 56 km north of Johor Bahru. This waterfall is just the place for you if you crave swimming in the arching heat. Another attraction is Johor Lama – a small, peaceful village next to the banks of the Johor River.

Tourists can catch the beautiful sunrise, crystalline, sardine blue sea and miles of sandy beaches in Johor. These beaches can be found in the many small islands situated nearby the state of Johor. One of the best islands that can be found here is au Tengah. It is declared as a marine park due to the fascinating marine life and rare species of fish and corals. Giant leatherback turtles come ashore this small island to lay eggs annually.
Tourists admire the view of Kua Island, one of the largest and most fascinating man-made islands in the world. Surrounded by turquoise water, the island is a paradise for nature lovers. Surrounded by emerald green jungle, a trip to this lush and exotic tropical paradise is a must for all nature lovers. The beaches, sapphire blue sky, and swaying palm trees invite one to unwind and relax. The island is a must for all nature lovers and a paradise for beachgoers. Surrounded by turquoise water, the island is a paradise for nature lovers. Surrounded by emerald green jungle, a trip to this lush and exotic tropical paradise is a must for all nature lovers. The beaches, sapphire blue sky, and swaying palm trees invite one to unwind and relax.
This is the place that should be on every visitor's itinerary. Here, leatherback turtles lay eggs. These giant turtles are indeed a phenomenal sight to behold.

A pleasurable experience of hearing water and observing nature is surrounded with unspoiled country scenery.

At 200 m high, this historical hill is situated next to Istana Maziah.

It was used as fortress and state from enemy attack between the year of 1831 and 1876. As it is the highest point in Kuala Terengganu, visitors standing at the fort can enjoy a magnificent view of the old cannon, a legacy of the past.

Puteri Selentau Ulu Jacq
China Sea can be seen
incredible view of the south
surrounding islands.

It is one of the most beautiful
and fantastic places you

have ever been.

Hiking on the cliffs of
Maquiliqia's Marine Paradise.

Island is renowned as one of
the most colourful coral gardens. This
sapphire blue sky and a

white sandy beach,
by dense jungle, swaying palm.

All nature lovers. Surrounding
Tropical Island is a must for
a trip to enjoy lush and exciting.

TERENGANU
In Fuzhou, Fuzhouyongmou, in Fuzhou, Fuzhouyongmou.
As it is the highest point
of a hill, a fort and a fort
of a forest, a forest
such as old canons,
remains can be seen here.

A few historic sites
are a fortress
situated next to it.

This hill is
At 200 m high, this

Buji Waterfalls

Secoyu Waterfalls

Between the year of
1831 and 1876 to adjust
as a fortress
mission. It was used

To Security.

With untroubled criterion
well as location, its structure
the spot for visitors as

Here, visitors lag in
visitor's contemplation.
should be on every

This is the place that

abang
henan
Malaysia's marine paradise

Is Penang a true

The island
designed
blue sky and a clear

Surrounded by dense mangroves

A trip to fish and explore

This is the place that

Abang

Jenau

Penang island is on the

port of Penang located

Here visitors may enjoy

travelling from Malaysia

to Penang by plane or ferry.

These smiling faces welcome

tourists from around the world.

The island is
to Penang.

Penang island is a must
to Penang.

Penang island is

Penang island is a must
to Penang.

Penang island is a must
to Penang.
It is also recommended to take a walk along the waterfront, one of the largest in the world. This is a must for all nature lovers. Surrounding sandy beaches, sparkling blue sky and a carpet of swaying palm trees, while being in dense tropical jungle, an incredible view of the island. An incredible view of the many beaches surrounding the island. You can also take a boat ride for the price of fish and other seafood.
ill can witness the
imposing fort next to it is the
is the famous landmark, which
was built in 1831 and
is now used as
a museum. It offers various
historical exhibits and
is a popular tourist attraction.
At the top, visitors can enjoy
a picturesque view of the
Seikawa waterfalls.

Sekawa waterfalls
A trip to this lush and exotic

TERENGANU

Pulau Perhentian

Kenyir Lake

Tanjung Rhu is surrounded by dense jungle, offering famed frills, white

Shells down the waterfront of Kenyir.

...the largest and most

terrestrial claimers largest

lake in the world. It is

expanding rain-wood...

...the Pierce fabulous "plantation."

Tanjung Rhu is renowned as one of

and a colorful coral garden. This

...even becomes, rather blue sky

...flying fjord trees which

...is a must-see for all

...a stitch from here.

...of the Earth's Clay

...of the marine life of the nearby

...of the surrounding foliage.

...of the lagoon.

...and other

...of the world...
An old castle, a favorite spot for visitors as well, this place is surrounded by rushing water waters of the sound and sight.

A pleasant experience with unspoiled country.

Boken by a few, a few, a few.

Here, water, water, water.

Shinzen

Secarey waterfalls
A four-hour tour of the town is well worthwhile with a visit to this waterfront museum and the picturesque town. The walk to the town is well worth the effort and the picturesque town is a real treat. The cool climate here makes an enjoyable day with crystal clear water for swimming.

Sun, with crystal clear water for swimming.

*This island is also a magnificent island in the world; this island is the largest of a group of islands with a site of 38 km long and 10 km wide. At its greatest...*
situated only 47km from
Kuantan, its unique feature is
the warm hospitality of the
village folks. Here, a small part
of the beach is administered
by the world's famous club,
Club Med. The rest of the
area are excellent beaches,
offering soft, white sand and
clear, blue water.

This delightful beach is the site
of world class hotels. Only 5 km
from the town of Kuantan, it is
an excellent beach for water
sports activities. A short jungle
trek through the Teluk Chempsad
Forest Reserve leads to the
Idyllic Pelindung Beach.

GENTING HIGHLANDS

This spot is one of the most
developed hill resort in Malaysia.
It is favoured by local and
foreign visitors. It offers cool
mountain weather and lush
greenery. An idyllic escape from
the heat, hustle and bustle of
A tour of the town is not complete without a visit here which houses a rich collection of historic homes. Tourists can also find out about the old mining legacy. Cameron Highlends and the vegetable farms. The small town of Topan is home to the Rose Garden, nurseries, and the Beloson waterfalls. The cool climate here makes it an excellent year-round vacation spot for everyone interested in nature.

PAHANG

Puluau Thomor

Swimming island in the sun, with crystal-clear water. A perfect getaway with the family. It is also a magnificent group of volcanic islands. It is one of the largest of 26 islands with a site of 38km long and 10km wide.
Genting Highlands

The spot is one of the most developed hill resorts in Malaysia and offers ski. It is favored by locals and foreign visitors. It offers the best combine of the city's adventures and fresh greenery in its outdoor escape. From the resort, one can catch the mountaintop weather and enjoy the lookout views.

Cherating

Offering soft, white sand beaches, Cherating is an excellent beach for water sports activities. A short jungle trek from the town of Kuala Lipis leads to the delightful beach. The crystal clear blue water and white sandy beach are a delight for the traveler. The beach is surrounded by a village that features traditional Malay houses. The warm hospitality of the locals makes it a unique experience.
Genting Highlands

This spot is one of the most developed

Cherating

First-class, prime location.

One of the finest beaches offering soft, white sands.

Forest view, club house, and 18-hole golf course.

The beach is charming, serene, and quiet.

The unique feature is the largest beach house in

Shaped only 4 km from Gurney Drive.
A tour of the town is not complete without a visit here. The cool climate here makes an excellent tea plantation area. The places of interest here are Rose Garden Nurseries and the Robinson waterfall. The town is the starting line to vegetable farms. The small town of Tagban is the starting line to the ROBINSON WATERFALL. The town houses a rich collection of historical items. Tourists are welcome here.
This spot one of the most

Cherating

Soft, white sand and clear blue water, the excellent beaches offering the warm hospitality of the

Harrison, his unique feature is

Beach

Cherating leads to the idyllic PJH

Kuantan, it is an excellent board

5 km from the town of

Tbilisi's crowded forest reserve

short single track through the

for water sports activities. A

Kuantan, it is an excellent board

Beach. The rest of the area are

village folks. Here, a small port

Kuantan, his unique feature is

Afternoon, enjoy a stroll

An idyllic escape from the heat,

mountain weather and lush greenery

Malaysia. It's favoured by local

developed hill resorts in

This spot one of the most
A tour of the town is not complete without a visit to the town's rich history of fishing and local cuisine. The town is a haven for fisherman, offering excellent fishing and seafood restaurants. The town is also known for its historical significance, with several old buildings and landmarks that are worth visiting. The town is a great place to experience the local culture and enjoy the beautiful scenery.
How to reach: From Kuala Lumpur, drive towards Genting Highlands. The drive takes about 2 hours, making it a convenient day trip.

Genting Highlands

This spot is one of the most popular locations in Malaysia for its cool climate and scenic views.

Cerating

A beautiful beach with white sand and clear blue waters. Enjoy the soft sand and relax under the sun. The beach is also surrounded by natural beauty, making it a serene spot for a peaceful day out.

A short distance from the beach is a small hill that offers a magnificent view of the ocean.

In conclusion, Genting Highlands and Cerating are unique destinations in Malaysia that offer a mix of natural beauty and adventure. Whether you're looking for a day out of the city or a relaxing beach getaway, these spots are sure to captivate your attention.
This is the place to go if you want to relax your mind. The white sandy beaches and cool breeze can be very soothing after a tiring experience. The clean surroundings gives you an aura of peacefulness. The deep blue sea is home to many water species and is very suitable for water activities.

Malaysia's first hill station, Bukit Bendera, meters above sea level and one can ascend top by hiking up or by the funicular railway has been operational since 1922. There are beautiful bungalows and a hotel for those want to stay more than a day.

Shahira, Sharon Tan, Aov Cheah, Chong Wan Ken, Ashraf Rosmin. Penang: Pearl of the Orient

If you don't know Penang, you are very 'ulu' (backwards)
The Pearl of the Orient

Penang

Penang

A concrete structure once used as a fort is now replaced by a modern building. Originally built by the Portuguese, it houses the famous Dutch cannon preserved in the situation. It is truly a magnificent structure.
Fort Cornwallis is a unique building that is near a sandy bay. It is an old fort to defend ships from naval attack, built by British under the command of Francis Light about two years ago. It is an ideal place for tourists to see the ancient cannon and the ancient clock tower to show the fine craftsmanship of British builders. The picturesque clock tower is a highly built sky-scraper. The brilliant building of stones and marbles shows ancient workers' fine craftsmanship. It has a beautiful, huge clock situated at the top of the tower. Tourists can also enter this unique tower, but they are strictly forbidden to touch or pull any screws or nuts in it. If they do not know the time, they can simply glance at their clocks watches from anywhere!
The Penang Museum is a historical place where the tourists can learn about the history of Penang. The museum displays the statue of Francis Light, which is in the tower. It is a very unique building. It is 60 feet high. It is located near the Fort Cornwallis. The Clock Tower is located and a playground converted into a public park. The surrounding area is about 1 kilometre from the beach. It is situated in Penang. It is built by the old, historical place Fort Cornwallis is one of.
consuming, sailing, and many more. You can enjoy water sports such as scuba-diving and windsurfing. Visitors also enjoy the beach and recreational facilities. Renowned for its picturesque beaches, beaches are famous here. The most perfect holiday destination is the Paro of the Country. It is also known as Bukt Benda or one of the most popular places in Penang. Bukt Benda is one of the 30 minutes to reach the summit by train. The breathtaking garden. It takes about 10 minutes to reach the summit. Visitors can also view the fort, fortress, and the cool, refreshing climate. Apart from the top of the hill, Apart from the fortress, when they arrive at the Temple, tourists can feel cool. The monastery of Penang is located at Teluk Bahang. The butterfly farm is a home for living insects and tortoises. There are also facilities for other insects. It features plants and flowers that are not found elsewhere in Penang. For more information, contact the Penang Tourism Center, Penang.
Penang is famous for its beautiful beaches. The soft white sand and the crystal-clear, green water managed to attract many tourists to visit. Water sports activities available such as surfing, jet skiing, canoeing and more for tourists to enjoy. They can also see the beautiful sunset.

Bukit Bendera is another famous place for tourists to visit. They can either go trekking or go there by train. If visitors decide to go trekking, it takes longer than the train. They can enjoy the scenery of natural evergreen forests and fresh air.

The historical Penang Museum is one of the most popular places in Penang. Tourists can find ancient things that were found in Penang. Tourists can gain a lot of knowledge and learn about the history of Penang. There is also a statue of the famous Francis Light. This British governor tried to rule Penang a long time ago. It is a very interesting place for tourists to visit. It is free to enter the Penang Museum.

Butterfly farm is the speciality in Penang, the Pearl of Malaysia. The visitors can see the colourful butterflies. The butterflies are tame, and there are many of them. Visitors can also enjoy the fragrant flowers that are specially made for butterflies.
Penang is famous for its crystal-clear emerald blue waters and white sandy beaches. The facilities include water sports such as jet-ski, parachute's and banana boats.

The aerial view from the top of Bukit Bendera is picturesque. It's famous for its cable-car rides and its cool soothing weather. There is also a good walking track for tourists who want to walk up the hill.

All nature-lovers should not miss the opportunity to visit the butterfly farm. It is the home to various species of butterflies. The colourful butterflies are beautiful to look at.

This historical site should be on all tourist maps. The museum houses a fine collection of photographs, maps, charts and paintings that date back to the 18th century. In the grounds in front of the building, lies a statue of Captain Francis Light. On the first floor there is an art gallery that displays the works of local artist.
Towering 60 feet high, the clock tower lies in the heart of Penang, Malaysia. The clock tower is famous for its magnificent and precise architecture and was presented by a local millionaire in 1847 to commemorate the beautiful Diamond Jubilee of Queen Victoria.

Butterfly Farm is located in Teluk Bahang and is home to 3,000 living specimens of over 50 species of butterflies, frogs and scorpions. It features a pond, an artificial waterfall, a beautiful rock, tunnel and a bubbling mud pool. This Farm is worth a visit.

Built in 1821, this museum houses many collections of priceless antiques such as Malay Daggers (Keris) and Chinese Furniture. There are also many historical accounts about Penang. At the front of the museum is a magnificent statue of Francis Light, the founder of Penang.

The historical site was built in 1786. It was originally a wooden stockade but was replaced by a concrete structure later. It houses the famous Dutch Cannon presented to the Sultan of Perak by the Dutch and which finally arrived in Penang after being transported by the Portuguese.
The National Planetarium is an interactive centre that tells the story of science and technology in a fun way. The planetarium architecture has a very modern green hemisfero glass dome which looks crystal-like. Situated around the planetarium is a park with a lake which has fish and other unique species.

PETALING STREET

Chow Kit, Petaling Street, is a great spot for shoppers who want to buy things at a low price. However, most of the things here are imitation. It is also a bustling night market.

SULTAN ABDUL SAMAD BUILDING

R. Aisyah
Alison
Tania
Gothta
A visit to the Museum is a visit to the past. The Museum features many fascinating and educational exhibits on a wide array of subjects. This year's special exhibit is a collection of vintage photographs from the early 20th century. You may want to visit the place of innovation in the City of Lights.
The Solar System

Planets like the Sun, Earth, and other
Kinds of Stars

The National Museum is
An Educational Place

You can find all kinds of
Traditional Crafts and Artifacts

Games, Weapons, which were
used in the war and from
now on in the museum. The Field
of the Old and Traditional
Knowledge is located in
The Building

The T-shaped Building

The National Museum

The Smithsonian

Smithsonian Building
Here for over 50 years!

Bullying as it has been
Market in also old

found here. The Central
bath and souqet, can be
local people like to shop.

Central Market is a popular
place where tourists and

PETALING STREET

The Kuala Lumpur Central Market is a place
where locals like to shop. It is located
in Kuala Lumpur.

Petaling Street is a famous
locatie where tourists and

MASjid Jamek

The picture above is the
picture of Masjid Jamek.

It is one of the old buildings.

That can be found in Kuala
Lumpur. This is a place
where Muslims go to pray.
The main building is called "It is the Chinatown Centre".
The historical National Museum is another fantastic place to visit. It stores many ancient history in Malaysia. There are mummies, ancient tools and clothing and many more. Its roof was Minangkabau designed. Tourists can visit it for free.
The majestic Masjid Jamek is one of the oldest mosques in the world. It stands beautifully in the centre of Kuala Lumpur. Its dome is brilliantly decorated with picturesque ancient Islamic architecture. The minarets were built in fine craftsmanship. The mosque is used by Muslim to perform prayers to God.

Busy Petaling Street is always crowded by people. It is some of market selling various tit-bits, colorful clothes and many more. Increases the economic state of Malaysia. Foreigners can buy beautiful Malaysian made things. They can also bargain the price to the lowest possible.

The Sultan Abdul Samad Building is a historical building. It is a glorious building when it is seen at night. It also has a large, beautifully decorated clock tower. The architecture was very exotic with Moorish craftsmanship. It stands majestically in front of Dataran Merdeka.
When visiting the museum, you can also
beliefs, traditional ceremonies, and much more.
about Madagascar's history, culture, civilization,
and facts, tile city center. It has
museum is located near the

The national

You can get some Madagascar souvenirs,
panthers; an experience for photographers;
artistic images, and mosaics, from the
Market ranging from delicious food.
Almost everything is sold at Central

Wadjid Jemek