

## **ABSTRAK**

Kajian ini bertujuan meneliti dan menerangkan penggunaan kelima-lima jenis maf'ulat dalam bahasa Arab iaitu maf'ul bih, maf'ul mutlaq, maf'ul ma'ah, maf'ul fih dan maf'ul lah. Kepelbagaian kedudukan dan penggunaan serta bentuk maf'ulat menunjukkan kematangan dan fleksibiliti bahasa Arab, yang dapat menampung keperluan perluasan makna.

Kajian ini menghuraikan serta menganalisis jenis-jenis maf'ulat secara terperinci agar ia difahami oleh pembaca secara mudah dan tepat. Kajian ini juga menganalisis penggunaan maf'ulat dalam surah Yasin.

Dari kajian ini, kita dapat perhatikan bahawa penggunaan maf'ulat dalam ayat berperanan penting untuk memantapkan ayat-ayat tersebut dari segi maksud serta untuk mengindahkannya. Dalam surah Yasin hanya terdapat tiga jenis maf'ulat iaitu maf'ul bih, maf'ul mutlaq dan maf'ul fih. Maf'ul bih dalam surah ini sebanyak sembilan puluh tujuh. Maf'ul bih ini terbentuk daripada masdar, ism jamid, jar, wa majrur, damir, ism mawsul, kata nama bilangan, kata nama tunggal, kata jama' taksir, kata nama jama' muzakkar salim dan dalam bentuk ayat yang

terdiri dari subjek dan prediket. Manakala maf'ul mutlaq hanya enam sahaja. Dan maf'ul fih hanya terdapat sebelas.

## ABSTRACT

The absolute aim and objective of this research is to study and to explain the all five types of 'maf'ulat' in Arabic Language. They are 'maf'ul bih, 'maf'ul mutlaq', 'maf'ul ma'ah', 'maf'ul fih' and 'maf'ul lah'. The variety of its standard and uses has shown the flexibility and maturity of Arabic Language which is able to accommodate the need of broad meanings.

This research elaborates and analyses the types of 'maf'ulat' in details so that it will be easily understood by the readers. This research also analyses the use of 'maf'ulat' in Yasin verse.

The study of 'maf'ulat' in this research shows that the use of it in sentences is really important as it will establish the sentences in term of meanings and to liven up the sentences.

There are three types of 'maf'ulat' in Yasin verse which are 'maf'ul bih', 'maf'ul mutlaq' and 'maf'ul fih'. Yasin verse contains ninety seven 'maf'ul bih'. This 'maf'ul bih' is formed by 'masder', 'ism jamid', 'jar wa majrur', damir', 'ism mawsul', countable noun, singular noun, jama' taksir' noun, jama' muzakkar salim noun, and in the form of

sentence which are subject and predicate. Whereas, there are only six 'maf'ul mutlaq' and eleven 'maf'ul fih' in Yasin verse.