

The Influence of Travel Motivations and Islamic Religiosity on Islamic Travel Preference:

A comparison between Muslim Malaysian and Iranian University Students

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Abstract

Islamic Tourism in the Muslim Societies which has a fast growth in tourism industry attracts the attention of many researchers for academic purpose and also catches the attention of for the business purposes.

Present study attempts to examine the relationship between three motivational factors namely "Generic", "Islamic", "Hedonistic" to Islamic Travel Preference. This research compares the similarity and differences between Malaysians and Iranians in terms of Islamic travel preferences, travel motivations, and Islamic religiosity; and also evaluate the importance level of Islamic religiosity on the relationship between travel motivations and Islamic travel preference.

This study is a quantitative research which its sample population were conveniently selected from Muslim Malaysian and Iranian University Students. In addition, linear regression analysis and independent groups t-test techniques have been utilized for data analysis.

The findings indicate that generic motivational factors do not significantly contribute to predict any preferences in an Islamic travel. Besides, Islamic motivational factors positively contribute to predict any preferences in an Islamic travel while hedonistic motivational factors significantly have a negative contribute in predicting Islamic travel preferences. On the other hand the findings reveal that, Islamic religiosity increases the strength of relationship between Islamic and hedonistic motivational factors and Islamic travel.

Furthermore, this study shows that there is a significant difference between Malaysian Muslim university students and Iranian university students in terms of Islamic travel preferences, travel motivations and the level of religiosity, even though both group tend to have similar attitudes and preferences in this study.

Findings of this research will be useful for academician to consider Islamic religiosity as a framework to construct the motivational factors. Moreover, business owner in tourism industry could use the findings of this research to provide some unique travel packages particularly for Muslim travellers.

Keywords: Tourism, religiosity tourism, Islamic tourism, motivational factors, Islamic religiosity, Islamic travel preference, Malaysia, Iran.

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Table of Contents

AbstractAbstract	2
Acknowledgment	3
Table of Contents	4
List of tables	7
List of figures	8
Chapter 1: introduction	9
1.1 Overview	9
1.2 Problem statement	10
1.3 Significance of the study	12
1.4 Research questions and objective of the study	14
1.5 Organizing of the study	15
Chapter 2: Literature review	17
2.1 Introduction	17
2.2 Tourism	17
2.2.1 History and definition of tourism	18
2.2.2 Tourists' behavior and preference	20
2.3 Tourism and religion	21
2.3.1 The motivational role of religion on social behavior.	21
2.3.2 The influence of religion on tourism	24
2.4 Islamic tourism	27
2.4.1 The concept of Islamic tourism	27
2.4.2 Islamic norms and value	31
2.4.3 The distinction between tourism and Islamic tourism	32
2.5 Islamic travel preference and the role of Islamic religiosity on motivational factors	33
2.6 Summary	34

Chapter 3: Research methodology	35
3.1 Introduction	35
3.2 Research method	35
3.3 Research framework	35
3.4 Development of hypothesis	37
3.5 Selections of measures	39
3.6 Development of questionnaire	43
3.7 Sampling design	44
3.8 Pilot study	45
3.8.1 Reliability test for pilot study	45
3.9 Data collection procedure	46
3.10 Data preparation and data analysis techniques	46
3.10.1 Data screening and monitoring	47
3.10.2 Reliability test	48
3.10.3 Bivariate correlation	49
3.10.4 Exploratory factor analysis	49
3.10.5 Computing variables	52
3.10.6 Independent groups t-test and mean comparison	54
3.10.7 Linear regression assumptions	54
3.10.8 Linear regression	56
3.11 Summary	56
Chapter 4: Research results	57
4.1 Introduction	57
4.2 Demographic statistics	57
4.2 The role of nationality	58
4.2.1 Role of nationality on travel motivations	58
4.2.2 Role of nationality on generic motivational factors	59

4.2.3 Role of nationality on Islamic motivational factors	59
4.2.4 Role of nationality on hedonistic motivational factors	59
4.2.5 Role of nationality on Islamic religiosity	60
4.2.6 Role of nationality on Islamic travel preference	62
4.3 Correlation between variables	62
4.4 The relationship between motivational factors and Islamic travel preference	63
4.5 The influence of Islamic religiosity	65
4.6 The perception of religiosity	67
4.8 Summary	68
Chapter 5: Discussion and conclusion70	
5.1 Introduction	70
5.2 Summary of results	70
5.3 Discussion	71
5.4 Limitation of the study	73
5.5 Suggestion for future research	73
5.6 Implication	73
5.7 Conclusion.	75
References	77
Appendix	87
Questionnaire	87

List of tables

Table 3-1	items for generic motivation factors	4
Table 3-2	items for Islamic motivation factors	4
Table 3-3	items for hedonistic motivation factors	4
Table 3-4	items for Islamic religiosity	42
Table 3-5	items for Islamic travel preferences	4.
Table 3-6	reliability test for pilot study	4:
Table 3-7	questionnaire distribution statistics	4
Table 3-8	normality test result	4
Table 3-9	reliability test	4
Table 3-10a	exploratory factor analysis for independent variables	50
Table 3-10b	exploratory factor analysis for moderator variables	5
Table 3-10c	exploratory factor analysis for dependent variables	52
Table 3-11	new developed variables for regression analysis	5
Table 3-12	collinearity between variables	5:
Table 4-1	demographic statistics	5
Table 4-2a	role of nationality on variables	6
Table 4-2b	mean of nationality on variables	6
Table 4-2c	mean of nationality on Islamic believe and Islamic practice	6
Table 4-3	correlation between variables	6.
Table 4-4	regression analysis result for H1	6
Table 4-4a	the contribution of motivational factors to Islamic travel preference	6
Table 4-5	regression analysis result for H2	6
Table 4-5a	the contribution of motivational factors under the influence of Islamic religiosity	6
Table 4-6	the percention of religiosity	7

List of figures

Figure 3-1	conceptual framework	35
Figure 3-2	theoretical framework	36
Figure 3-3	model for linear regression analysis	53
Figure 3-4	homoscedasticity	55